### Medical Chronology/Summary

Confidential and privileged information

### **Usage guideline/Instructions**

\*Verbatim summary: All the medical details have been included "word by word' or "as it is" from the provided medical records to avoid alteration of the meaning and to maintain the validity of the medical records. The sentence available in the medical record will be taken as it is without any changes to the tense.

\*Case synopsis/Flow of events: For ease of reference and to know the glimpse of the case, we have provided a brief summary including the significant case details.

\*Injury report: Injury report outlining the significant medical events/injuries is provided which will give a general picture of the case.

\*Comments: We have included comments for any noteworthy communications, contradictory information, discrepancies, misinterpretation, missing records, clarifications, etc for your notification and understanding. The comments will appear in red italics as follows: "\*Comments".

\*Indecipherable notes/date: Illegible and missing dates are presented as "00/00/0000" (mm/dd/yyyy format). Illegible handwritten notes are left as a blank space "\_\_\_\_\_" with a note as "Illegible Notes" in heading reference.

\*Patient's History: Pre-existing history of the patient has been included in the history section.

\*Snapshot inclusion: If the provider name is not decipherable, then the snapshot of the signature is included. Snapshots of significant examinations and pictorial representation have been included for reference.

\*De-Duplication: Duplicate records and repetitive details have been excluded.

#### **General Instructions:**

- The medical summary focuses on Motor vehicle collision on 03/23/YYYY, the injuries and clinical condition of XXXX as a result of accident, treatments rendered for the complaints and progress of the condition.
- Initial and final therapy evaluation has been summarized in detail. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to avoid repetition and for ease of reference.
- Prior visits for other medical conditions have been included in brief for reference.

# **Injury Report:**

DESCRIPTION	DETAILS
Prior injury details	12/27/YYYY-Low back pain- Lifting concrete bird bath
	07/12/YYYY: Slip and fall- Chest wall pain
	06/05/YYYY: Trip and fall- Left shoulder injury, Left humeral neck
	fracture
	02/14/YYYY- Motor vehicle accident- Neck pain- Cervical sprain, Mild
	C5-6 degenerative disk disease, Left cubital tunnel syndrome, Left elbow
	medial epicondylitis
Date of injury	MM/DD/YYYY
<b>Description of</b>	She was involved in a motor vehicle collision. She was at a complete
injury	stop with her head turned to the left checking for traffic when an
	automobile rear-ended her. She states that her head was turned so when
	she was hit it caused her neck to jerk. The airbags were not deployed.
	Immediately she states that she experienced neck pain. She also
	complains of a left aided headache, left ear pain but denies dizziness
Injuries as a result	Closed injury of head
of accident	Injury of neck
	Posttraumatic headache
	Left apical radiation fibrosis and of left upper lung
	Cervicalgia
	Cervical radiculopathy
	Displacement of cervical intervertebral disc without
	myelopathy: Other cervical disc displacement, unspecified
	cervical region
Treatments	Pain medications
rendered	Medrol Dosepak
	Physical therapy: 04/05/YYYY-10/18/YYYY
O 11/1 0/1	Modification of pillow arrangement
Condition of the	As of 05/13/YYYY, She stated that she had constant neck pain that
patient as per the	radiated to both shoulders and right elbow, she was unable to have
last available record	therapy due to increase pain, and she wanted to discuss Celebrex and
	another referral for therapy. Her pain level was rated 7-9/10 with a sharp and aching quality. She said it improves with rest, heat or ice and sitting
	makes her pain worse.
	makes her pain worse.

## **Patient History**

**Past Medical History:** History of adverse reactions to anesthesia. History of chemotherapy to breast cancer and osteopenia. *Pdf ref:* 286. History of menopause, depression, stress at work. *Pdf ref:* 22

**Surgical History:** History of tylectomy, elbow surgery. *Pdf ref: 142*. History of tonsillectomy/adenoids, Appendectomy. *Pdf ref: 286* 

**Family History:** History of Malignant hyperthermia in brother, history of stroke in paternal grandfather and history of hypertensive disorder in paternal uncle. *Pdf ref:* 286. History of mother died of septic shock, Father died in Accident in his 40's, history of brother dies of pancreatic cancer at 45 years, Brother died in motor vehicle collision in 20's. *Pdf ref:* 22

**Social History**: History of former smoker and occasional alcohol intake. *Pdf ref*: 286. History of 3/wine with moderate alcohol use. *Pdf ref*: 22

Allergy: History of allergic to Demerol and Percocet. Pdf ref: 285

## **Detailed Summary**

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER			BILLS
		<u>Prior medical records</u>		
12/27/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Prior medical records  Office visit:  History of present illness: This 50 year old right handed woman comes for severe low back pain present over the past week after picking up a concrete bird bath. Aggravated further by continuing yard work with raking. She has not really had prior back problems and she has been in a fair bit of misery radiating into the buttocks. Taking Advil and limping around on crutches. No bowel or bladder dysfunction. No lasting numbness or radicular type complaints and her general health has been notable for breast cancer treated five years ago with surgery, chemotherapy, and radiation and no known residual disease. Baseline medications are	217, 611	N/A
		Femara, Fosamax, and the more recent Advil. She is intolerant of Demerol or Percocet, Enjoys social alcohol is not a smoker. Denies other relevant put history or family history or other surgery.  Physical examination: She is 5'9, about 175 pounds. In significant discomfort. Guards lumbar motion and moves very slowly. There is marked tenderness in the lower lumbar spine extending into the buttocks. Tension signs are negative. Hip motion is well preserved, although reproduce her back pain. Reflexes are absent and symmetrical at the knees, active and symmetrical at the ankles. Good distal strength. Normal pulses and normal subjective sensation.  Imaging: X-rays of the lumbar spine in two view, obtained in the office today and reviewed by me demonstrate a curvature on the		
		AP which may be postural. A small spina bifida occult at S1, but generally well preserved disk spaces with no erosions or fractures.  Impression: Acute lumbar strain  Disposition: We have considered the possibility of a bulging or herniated disk, but I think there is room for conservative care here.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		I have recommended rest for a couple <i>of</i> day, heat or ice, whichever feels better, Good supportive shoes, avoiding bending, stooping, lifting. We will change medications to Celebrex, Flexeril, and Darvocet with precautions and add some formal physical therapy but if not satisfactorily better over the coming weeks, lumbar MRI would be appropriate.  *Related records: ndf ref: 604-610, 599, 613-616, 619		
01/04/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Related records: pdf ref: 604-610, 599, 613-616, 619  Initial physical therapy evaluation: (Poor quality records)  Subjective Mechanism of injury: Insidious  Date of accident: 12/22/YYYY  Current history: Patient lifted concrete bird bath and tuned afterwards pain  Objective: Gait: gait Range of motion Flexion: 20, painful Extension  Assessment:  Pain  Decreased function, strength, ROM  Poor posture  Not independent with HEP  Out of work  Plan:  Passive ROM/ stabilization  Electrical stimulation  Therapeutic exercises  HEP/Education  Return to work  Related records: pdf ref:600	596-597, 594	N/A
01/06/YYYY - 01/12/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Summary of interim physical therapy visits: (Poor quality records)  Date of visits: 01/06/YYYY, 01/08/YYYY, 01/10/YYYY, 01/12/YYYY  Patient states she still, having lot of pain on sitting and is most comfortable in supine position  Objective:	592, 598, 586, 583	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Area treated: Lumbar spine		
		Hot/ cold pack		
		Ultrasound		
		Therapeutic exercises		
		Assessment:		
		Patient tolerated the exercises well		
		Plan: Continue with current plan of care		
		* Reviewer's Comments: Only the initial and final visits have been elaborated. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to		
		avoid repetition and for ease of reference.*		
01/18/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	216, 578	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness. Detient returns a month into her		
		History of present illness: Patient returns a month into her		
		episode reporting the severe pain has backed off a bit, Therapy has been somewhat helpful. Celebrex has been somewhat helpful. but		
		•		
		i:he continues to have severe pain when sitting and feels ready to advance to MRI		
		advance to MRI		
		<b>Physical examination:</b> She continues to guard lumbar motion		
		severely. Tenderness is maximal in the lower lumbar spine and		
		right buttock. She still has pain on tension signs and other than		
		symmetrical hyporeflexia, no focal deficits.		
		Imaging: X-rays are not repeated.		
		<b>Impression:</b> Lumbar strain with partial response to conservative		
		care. Possible bulging or herniated disc.		
		<b>Disposition:</b> She may continue that therapy and the Celebrex, We		
		will advance to lumbar MRI with definitive recommendations		
		thereafter.		
01/19/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Final physical therapy visit: (Poor quality records)	575	N/A
	TIOVIUCI	Subjective: Patient has better		
		Objective:		
		Area treated: Lumbar spine		
		Hot/ cold pack		
		Ultrasound		
		Therapeutic exercises		
		Assessment:		
		Plan: Continue with current plan of care.		
01/20/YYYY	Hospital/	MRI of lumbar spine without contrast:	574	N/A
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DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	Provider	History: Lumbar radiculopathy		
		<b>Findings:</b> The conus terminates normally behind L1 with normal signal and There is disc desiccation at all levels with loss of disc space height at L1-2, L4-5 and L5-S1		
		The vertebral body heights and remainder of the disc space heights are well maintained as well as alignment		
		L1-2: Minimal disc bulge. No significant central canal or neural foraminal narrowing. Mild facet arthropathy		
		L2-3: Facet arthropathy. Otherwise unremarkable		
		L3-4: Facet arthropathy. Otherwise unremarkable		
		L4-5: Broad-based concentric disc bulge with facet arthropathy. No significant central canal narrowing. There is mild to moderate right neural foraminal narrowing and left neural foraminal narrowing. Please clinically correlate for possible bilateral L4 nerve root radiculopathy		
		<b>L5-S1:</b> Broad-based concentric disc bulge with facet arthropathy. No significant central canal narrowing		
		<ul> <li>Impression:         <ul> <li>Multilevel degenerative disc disease as described most significant at L4-5 with possible bilateral nerve root encroachment. Please clinically co-relate as theappears to be preserved bilaterally on axial T1 imaging</li> <li>Multilevel facet arthropathy</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
01/25/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	572	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness: Patient returns reporting slow gradual progress. She has been unable to really perform any of her normal activities. Even getting dressed or feeding the dogs will aggravate her. She has not been back to work and although it is office type duties it aggravates her when she sits for a long time		
		Physical examination: Physical exam reveals she ambulates smoothly but guard's lumbar motion still. Tension signs cause her back pain but no leg symptoms and there are no neurologic deficits with symmetrical hyporeflexia but normal subjective sensation and good distal strength		
		Imaging: Lumbar MRI since last visit demonstrates multilevel		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		degenerative changes with minimal risk bulging. Multilevel facet arthropathy but no clear but stenosis. There may be some foraminal stenosis but certainly no obviously crushed nerves.  Disposition: We have reviewed the implications of her scan in some detail and I have referred her to Dr. Sean or chambers for consideration of injection therapy, either epidural and or facet injections. I do not consider her totally disabled and she should be safe to work as long as there is no heavy bending, stooping and or lifting.		
		Related records: Pdf ref: 573		
01/31/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:  History of present illness: Patient is a 51 year old woman who lifted a concrete bird bath on 12/18/YYYY and developed back pain. Her symptoms are worse when sitting and improve when lying down. She has been treated with a short course of rehabilitation as well as oral NSAIDS and Darvocet. Overall she has improved, But she is still having low back pain. There is no pain, numbness or tingling in either lower extremity. Bowel and bladder function are normal.  Physical examination: Lumbosacral posture is normal when standing. Motion is full with forward flexion, extension and bilateral side bending. Back pain increases at the end range of forward flexion. Root tension signs are negative seated and supine. Strength is 5/5 through the lower extremity major motor groups. Sensory exam is intact to light touch in L2 through S1 dermatome on both sides. Patellar and Achilles reflexes are 2+ and symmetrical. Hip joint range of motion is full and without pain on both sides. Patrick's test is negative. In the prone position mild tenderness is present in the lumbosacral paraspinals to palpation.  Upon inspection there is no evidence of skin changes or gross skeletal deformity  Radiographs: A lumbar MRI on 01/YYYY indicates multilevel degenerative disk disease at L1-2, L4-5 and L5-S1. Most significant level appears to be L4-5. There is right greater than left foraminal encroachment secondary t broad based disk bulge and facet joint arthropathy. There is facet joint arthropathy also at L1-2, L4-5 and L5-S1.	569-570	N/A
		Multilevel lumbar degenerative disk disease Multilevel lumbar spondylosis		

Patient Name

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
03/09/VVV		Recommendations:  • She is going to return for rehabilitation services to the lumbar spine. Her previous visits so rehabilitation were prior to Definitive diagnosis was made and therefore she was approached in a general manner in terms of rehabilitation efforts. She was given a prescription today and interventions were fined tuned based on MRI findings  • Continue with Celebrex and a refill was written for her to use 200mg, ne PO qd or bid as needed, # 60 without refills  • Recheck in one month  Related records: Pdf ref: 565-568, 571	560	
03/09/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	History of present illness: Patient returns today in follow up doing much better after working with Jim Lewis at physiotherapy and Associates in Alpharetta. She is especially pain free. She has times where the pain increases and this responds to exercise. She sits quite a bit at work and need to remind herself to get up periodically. She is using the Celebrex very rarely now. She is independent with her home program.  Physical examination: Exam reveals normal posture, full painless motion of the lumbosacral spine in all directions. Root tension signs are negative in both legs. Strength and sensation are normal in both lower extremities. The patella and Achilles reflexes are unobtainable in both legs  Impression: lumbosacral spondylosis lumbar sprain  Recommendations:  She is for the most part pain free at this time and independent with her home program  She will be discharged from routine follow up and is certainly welcome to follow up on an as needed basis as symptoms warrant  She asked if she has any exacerbation could she simply return to see Jim for one or two visit for rehabilitation to get things back on track and tis would be appropriate if her symptoms have not changed significantly  Related records: Pdf ref: 561-562	560	N/A
04/15/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Mammogram- bilateral:	214	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	1110 (1221	Comparison: 03/20/YYYY and 03/17/YYYY		
		<b>Findings:</b> Post lumpectomy changes in the medial left with a moderate amount or fibro glandular density in both breasts, and the occasional punctate benign calcification in the left are stable, No suspicious mass, distortion, or micro calcification cluster is identified to suggest malignancy.		
		<b>Impression:</b> No change to suggest malignancy or recurrence.		
01/06/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Bone densitometry:	197-212	N/A
	Trovider	<b>History:</b> 53 year old who is post-menopausal and takes bisphosphonates. The patient has a history of breast cancer		
		<b>Comparison:</b> 10/17/YYYY and 02/11/2004		
		<b>Findings:</b> The T score of the lumbar spine us -0.9, previously -0.8 and -1.1. The T-score of the total proximal femur is -1.5, previously -1.3 and -1.5. the T-score of the femoral neck is -1.8, previously -1.6		
		Impression: Osteopenia		
03/24/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Office Visit:	191-192	N/A
	Tiovidei	<b>HPI:</b> follow up on bronchitis		
		Assessment: Acute bronchitis		
		<b>Plan:</b> Ambien 10mg 1 tab QHS/ HS, 30 tab, 03/24/YYYY, no refill. Active		
00/01/277777		Follow up in two weeks	100	27/1
03/24/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	X-Ray of chest:  History: 54-year-old female with cough. History of left breast	190	N/A
		cancer. status post radial ion to the left chest  Comparison: The 2006 chest radiograph is not available for		
		direct comparison. This will be requested. Once it becomes available, an addendum will be added to this report.		
		<b>Findings</b> : The cardiac silhouette is normal In size. There are no mediastinal or hilar contour abnormalities. Surgical clips project over the left axilla. There is pleural parenchymal thickening seen at the left lung apex which is likely related to prior radiation. On the lateral view, there is a 1.8 cm nodular opacity which projects over the upper lobes near the apices. No clear correlate is iden1ilied on the frontal view. Negative for focal consolidation, edema, pleural effusion and pneumothorax. Mild degenerative		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		changes are noted in the spine.		
		<b>Impression:</b> 1 .8 cm nodular opacity seen on the lateral view only.		
		Recommend comparison to the 2006 examination. If this finding		
		represents as significant change, recommend CT of the chest to evaluate for a parenchymal nodule.		
03/31/YYYY	Hospital/	Progress Notes:	188-189	N/A
	Provider			
		<b>Chief complaint:</b> She presents to the clinic for follow-up of		
		Malignant Neoplasm Breast Nos- 1749. Under management		
		according to NCCN and ASCO guidelines The patient presents for re-evaluation of therapy and/or disease related problems.		
		To evaluation of therapy units of disease felated problems.		
		Assess: Stage IIA left breast cancer.		
		<b>Plan:</b> s/p -4 yrs. of Tamoxifen and 5 yrs. Femara.		
		Assess: Osteopenia		
		<b>Plan:</b> Continue Fosamax, calcium, Vit D.		
04/20/3/3/3/3/	TT '. 1/	Plan: RTC in one year for tabs and to see Dr. Galleshaw	106 107	NT/A
04/20/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Digital screening mammogram with CAD:	186-187	N/A
	Provider	<b>Clinical history:</b> No current breast symptoms reported. History of		
		breast cancer on the left with lumpectomy radiation and		
		chemotherapy		
		<b>Impression:</b> Parenchymal changes left breast consistent with history of left breast cancer compared to the prior study, there has		
		been no significant interval change		
09/14/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	106-107	N/A
	Provider			
		<b>HPI:</b> The patient is a 55 year old female who presents for follow-up of hypertension. Overall the patient is doing well. The patient		
		blood pressure has been well-controlled. The patient has been		
		compliant with their medications and there have been no side		
		effects.		
		Assessment and plan: Hypertension		
		Plan:		
		Well controlled		
		Continue current meds		
		Check lytes		
09/14/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	105	N/A
	Provider	Accessment and plant Influence need for prophylastic vession		
		<b>Assessment and plan:</b> Influenza, need for prophylactic vaccine		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Diam'i and a Claracian		
09/22/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Plan: immunization: Flu vaccine X-Ray of chest:	184	N/A
	Tiovidei	Heart normal, Lungs well expanded and clear. History/ comments noted. No prior films for review.		
		1.8 x 4.5 cm density extreme left apex; no associated calcification or rib erosion/periosteal reaction. Possible additional vaguer, subtle density beneath medial aspect left clavicle and some upward retraction of left hilum.		
		No effusion, other peripheral nodules, or effusion. Concern for Pan coast among other etiologies; cross sectional evaluation planned; discussed via telephone with Dr.		
10/21/YYYY	Hospital/	Pepper 9/25/10 at 10:50 a.m. <b>Follow-up visit:</b>	183	N/A
	Provider	History: Patient is a 55 Yo female who comes in for evaluation of a sinus infection that she has had for a couple of weeks. She has had facial pressure, pain, nasal congestion, and headache. She has a history of sinus infections in the past. She is SIP surgery, chemotherapy and radiation for breast cancer a couple of years ago. She has drainage down her throat and a cough. She drinks water all night long and goes through several bottles a night, but wakes up with a dry throat in the morning. She drinks a lot of water during the day. She is on Lisinopril for high blood pressure. She will take a social glass of wine. She denies tobacco use. She is allergic to Demerol and other narcotic medications.		
		Examination: A comprehensive head and neck examination was performed.  Nose: Shows a deviated nasal septum antero inferiorly rightward. There is no evidence of masses, polyps, or infection.  Ears: TMs and canals are clear.  OC/OP: Clear. Tonsils are surgically absent.  Neck: Benign without adenopathy		
		Impression:		
		<ul><li>Deviated nasal septum.</li><li>Probable chronic sinusitis.</li></ul>		
		Plan: She has been taking Augmentin without significant improvement but I will have her Continue this and add a Medrol Dosepak. Sample of Nasacort. CT sinuses in 2-3 weeks.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Follow-up with me after the CT scan. I will discuss septoplasty down the line.		
10/28/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:	103-104	N/A
		History of Present Illness: Patient's words: Patient here for nasal congestion, fatigue for 2 weeks		
		Patient complains of about 10 days of nasal congestion, green drainage down the throat, slightly productive cough. Started after she cleaned out a box in the garage. Felt achy all over when it began. Took Amoxicillin 875 mg BID x 7 days (had it at home already but saw ENT, Dr. Robb, who examined her and recommended Mucinex DM and continuing antibiotic, which she finished 10/25/10) Nasal congestion better now but still persists. Clear mucus only. Cough minimal. Slight ear fullness today. No sinus pain or headache. No fever/chills. Patient has not been taking OTC cold meds since then, except Afrin 1 spray every other day or so. Low energy for 2 weeks. Had cold sore 4-5 days ago; now resolved. Used to take Zovirax 400 mg BID for a few days with cold sore outbreak. Wants refill.		
		Assessment & Plan: URI/Upper respiratory infections Feel bacterial infection has been treated. No antibiotic necessary. Not taking OTC meds to help symptoms of URI, so suggested Mucinex regular strength 2 tabs BID with plenty of fluids, prn congestion. Will give sample of Astepro nasal spray, 1 spray in each nostril q day-BID prn allergy/nasal congestion. Call in 3-5 days if symptoms worsen or persist. BP slightly elevated today- think probably related to caffeine consumption. Pt. advised to avoid decongestants.		
		Herpes simplex, uncomplicated		
02/10/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Treatment outbreaks of cold sores with Zovirax.  Follow-up Visit:	182	N/A
		Office visit: Bonnie comes in for evaluation of an acute sinus infection. She was taking Mucinex and her throat was very sore. She had facial pressure, her teeth hurt and she has had facial pressure and pain, malaise, cough, and nasal congestion. She has had a cough to the point where her stomach hurts, She has had a fever to 100-dcgrees. She had something like this in October, 2010. We called in Cipro on February 7, 2011. I added a Medrol Dosepak yesterday or the day before, but she didn't take it because the pharmacist told her it can increase the effects of tendon damage or rupture. She has a history of left breast cancer S/P surgery and radiation.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Impression: A outs pen sinusitis		
02/22/YYYY	Hospital/	Impression: Acute pan sinusitis.  Follow-up visit:	101-102	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness:		
		<b>Patient words:</b> On 2/4 she woke up with rhinitis and sinus		
		pressure. She saw Dr. Robb, she took Cipro and steroids. She is still feeling congested. There is a lot of dust in her house with		
		remodeling going on at home and she feels this is worsening her		
		congestion also. The yellow mucus she had initially has improved.		
		She took Mucinex also for a while and she stopped that. She is still having fatigue, congestion, and dry throat She has had more		
		allergies over the past few years. She also has a new dog and she		
		might be allergic to the dog.		
		Assessment: Sinusitis, chronic nec		
03/08/YYYY	Hospital/	<b>Telephone Conversation:</b>	100	N/A
	Provider	Assessment & Plan: Acute sinusitis, unspecified		
		Current Plans: Augmentin 875-12SMG, 1 Tablet two times		
03/30/YYYY	Hospital/	daily, #20, 10 days starting 03/08/YYYY, No Refill. Active.  Progress Notes:	180-181	N/A
03/30/1111	Hospital/ Provider	Frogress Notes:	180-181	IN/A
		Chief complaint:		
		Patient presents to the clinic for follow-up of Malign neoplasm Breast Nos 1749 Stage II N1 M0		
		The patient presents for reevaluation or therapy and/or disease		
		related problems.		
		<b>HPI:</b> She feels well. She completed 5 years of Femara in 11/09		
		after taking Tamoxifen tor 4 years. She's frustrated that she's		
		gained weight. She's scheduled for her annual mammogram next month. She's been inconsistent in taking Fosamax for the		
		osteopenia noted on her BMD 1/09.		
		Active problems:		
		Stage II A left breast cancer		
		Osteopenia		
04/18/YYYY	Hospital/	Mammogram- Bilateral:	178	N/A
	Provider	<b>Comparison:</b> 4/16/09, 4/15/08. Parenchyma is moderate in		
		amount and density with post-lumpectomy distortion in the lower		
		inner left. Occasional benign appearing calcification In each breast. No suspicious mass, distortion or micro calcification		
		cluster is identified to suggest malignancy.		
		Impression: Stable mammogram. Annual follow-up.		
	1	impression. State manningram. Annual tonow-up.	1	

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
04/18/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Correspondence to Dr. Kara pepper:	179	N/A
	Tiovidei	Dear Kara:		
		I had the pleasure of seeing Bonnie Koeplin in the office in follow		
		up. As you know she is now eleven years status- post left		
		lumpectomy and axillary dissection. On physical examination		
		today, no suspicious or dominant masses were noted.		
		A bilateral mammogram was performed and this showed no evidence of malignancy.		
		I will sec Bonnie in follow up in one year end will keep you apprised of her situation.		
07/01/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit:	95-99	N/A
	Provider	Tollow up visit.		1 1/11
	Trovider	History of present illness:		
		Patient words: CPE		
		The patient is a 59 year old female who comes in today for a		
		complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with		
		minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's		
		stress level is described as an average		
		Assessment:		
		Routine medical exam		
		Hypertension		
		Palpitation		
		Osteopenia unspecified		
		• Fatigue		
07/13/YYYY	Hospital/	Telephone encounter:	92	N/A
	Provider	Assessment & Plan: Unspecified Diagnosis		
		Current Plan: Ultram 50MG, 1-2 Tablet every 8 hours, #30,		
		07/13/YYYY, No Refill. Discontinued.		
		Mobic 15MG, 1 Tablet daily, #15, 15 days startling 07/13/YYYY,		
		No Refill. Active.		
07/13/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	History and physical:	93-94	N/A
		History of present illness:		
		Patient words: Back injury last night		
		slipped on dog's sleeping bag in bathroom		
		landed on R rib on side of bathtub		
		did not hit her head no blood in her urine		
		worried that she fracture her ribs		
		feels her ribs popping in and out of place		
		THE G		
		Assessment & Plan: Chest wall pain		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Impression: s/p fall no fracture will treat pain		
07/13/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	X-Ray of chest:  Findings: Heart normal. Lungs well expanded and clear. Ribs and osseous	176	N/A
07/15/YYYY	Hospital/	structures intact; no effusion or ptx. No contusion or infiltrate. No acute process.  Follow-up Visit:	91	N/A
	Provider	Assessment & Plan: Unspecified Diagnosis		
		<b>Current Plan:</b> Tylenol with Codeine #3 300-30MG, 1 Tablet every eight hours, as needed, #30, 07/15/YYYY, No Refill. Active.		
10/19/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:  History of present illness: Patient words: Patient here for influenza today	90	N/A
06/05/YYYY	Hospital/	Assessment & Plan: Influenza, need for prophylactic vaccine  Follow-up visit:	446-447,	\$7.94
00,00,1111	Provider	<b>History:</b> This is a 56 year old female right hander with complaints related to the left shoulder. Last evening she was walking her dog, tripped and fell directly onto the left shoulder. She had immediate pain and was taken to North Fulton, x-rays were taken out she did not bring these.  She is having significant pain. She has been pretty nauseous from the pain meds. She was given some nausea medication, which she did not take.	552-554, 556-557, 4- 5	
		<b>Physical examination:</b> Exam today shows a well-developed and well-nourished female in some distress, oriented x3, respirations are unlabored. The Jen shoulder shows significant soft tissue swelling. Her distal neurovascular is intact. Elbow and wrist are benign. The right foot shows a little bit of tenderness on the dorsum with some ecchymosis. No instability. No mid foot tenderness. No calf tenderness. Negative Homans		
		<b>X-ray:</b> X-rays, two views or the humerus, AP and Y view ordered, taken, and interpreted shows a humeral neck fracture with about 20 degree of angulation on the AP and about 20° on the lateral		
		Impression: Left humeral neck fracture		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Plan: We have gone through the options. At this point. I think this alignment would be acceptable if it stays. She is going to use ice on her shoulder, take her pain medication, and we will re-x-ray her in a week		
06/12/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	History: She returns for evaluation of her left shoulder proximal humerus fracture. She is doing much better. The pain is much less. She is a little concerned because she had a lymph node dissection on this shoulder for breast cancer many years ago though no recent difficulty.  Physical examination: Exam today of' the left shoulder shows ecchymosis proximally. No evidence of distal lymphedema. Distal neurovascularly intact.  X-ray: X-rays. 2 views of the left shoulder, AP and Y views, show a 3-part proximal humerus fracture with a non-displaced neck and mild displacement of the greater tuberosity.  Impression: Left proximal humerus fracture in acceptable position at this point.  Plan: Discussed things with her. She is going to continue icing	444-445, 546-547	N/A
06/19/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	and we will see her back in a few weeks with repeat x-rays.  Correspondence:  To whom it may concern,  Patient has been a patient of ours since June 5, 2012 and she is currently being treated for a fractured left shoulder. She is not allowed to drive. She is using a sling as needed for support. She is taking pain medication and needs ice therapy several times a day.  The patient may work from home, utilizing her right hand, predominantly for computer and telephone work. She has a follow up appointment with us on June 26, 2012.  Thank you for consideration in regards to her injury	545	N/A
06/26/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:  History: She returns for follow-up of her left shoulder fracture. She is having some discomfort also in her elbow. That was not x-rayed and she did hit it. The pain is improved.  Physical examination: Exam today of the left shoulder shows she still has pain with passive motion, even some simple pendulum. She has expected ecchymosis. The elbow has some ecchymosis but full motion and no instability.	443, 543- 544	N/A

Patient Name

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
07/05/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	XR: X-rays. 2 views of the humerus, AP internal and external rotation views show the proximal humerus fracture in acceptable position with a little bit or anterior and valgus angulation.  X-rays. 3 views of the elbow, ordered, taken and interpreted arc negative for fracture.  Impression:  Left proximal humerus fracture and elbow contusion.  Plan: Next week, she will be 4 weeks out. I am a little bit worried about her moving too slow. We are going to start some gentle passive motion and sec her back in a few weeks.  Related records: Pdf ref: referral reports: 539-542  Initial physical therapy evaluation: (Poor quality records)  Subjective  Mechanism of injury: Insidious  Date of accident: 06/04  Current history: Status post she fell down walking her dog  Chief complaint: Left shoulder pain  Objective:  Pain scale: 6 at rest, 4 at worst/10, Constant, achy  Gait: gait  Range of motion  Flexion: 20, painful  Extension  Assessment:  Pain  Decreased strength, ROM  Not independent with HEP  Plan:  Passive ROM/ stabilization	442, 535- 538	MEDICAL BILLS
07/17/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	<ul> <li>Therapeutic exercises</li> <li>HEP/Education</li> <li>Frequency of 2 times a week for 4 weeks</li> <li>Follow-up visit:</li> <li>History: Six to seven weeks out from her left proximal humerus</li> </ul>	439, 531- 533	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	FROVIDER	fracture. She is still having a fair amount of' discomfort. She is still wearing her sling intermittently. It hurts a lot doing exercises.  Physical examination: Exam today or the shoulder shows limited motion in all directions. She has tenderness to extremely light touch around the shoulder. Her distal neurovascular is intact.  X-ray: X-rays. 2 views of the left humerus, ordered, taken, and interpreted, shows the proximal humerus fracture in acceptable position.		BILLS
		<b>Plan:</b> She is having much more pain than I would expect. She is sensitive to light touch. I am worried about an RSD type of pattern developing or an arthrofibrosis. I am going to give her Mobic with the appropriate GI precautions. Continue rehabilitation, work on range of motion. She might need MRI or CT if not progressing.		
08/14/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	History: Follow-up for her kit proximal humerus fracture. She is about 10 weeks out. She is making progress in rehabilitation; still a fair amount of pain and adhesive capsulitis.  Physical examination: Exam today of the shoulder shows limited motion in all directions although some improvement from the last visit. No real weakness and no atrophy. No warmth or erythema and neurovascularly intact.  X-ray: X-rays, 2 views of the left shoulder, ordered, taken, and interpreted show that the fracture is pretty well healed with minimal angulation.  Impression: Adhesive capsulitis with healing left proximal humerus fracture.  Plan: Continue rehabilitation its long as she is improving. Sec back in a month.	431, 525-527	N/A
10/02/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:  History of present illness: Patient words: CPE The patient is a 59 year old female who comes in today for a complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's stress level is described as an average  Assessment:  Routine medical exam Hypertension	85-89	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Influenza, need for prophylactic vaccine		
10/05/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:  History: She re-turns status post kit greater tuberosity fracture. Left shoulder with adhesive capsulitis. She is improving painwise, therapy-wise, and strength-wise.  Physical examination: Exam today of the shoulder shows she can abduct to about 80, externally rotate to 20, internal rotation to her belt line, strength is good, no atrophy, docs not really have signs of impingement.  X-ray: X-rays, 2 views of the left shoulder, ordered, taken, and interpreted, shows the greater tuberosity fracture is healed.  Impression: Adhesive capsulitis status post greater tuberosity	422, 521, 519-520	N/A
		fracture.  Plan: She is making progress. Continue rehabilitation. See back in six weeks		
07/09/YYYY - 11/08/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Summary of interim physical therapy visit:  Date of visits: 07/09/YYYY, 07/13/YYYY, 07/18/YYYY, 07/23/YYYY, 07/26/YYYY, 07/31/YYYY, 08/03/YYYY, 08/06/YYYY, 08/09/YYYY, 08/05/YYYY, 08/20/YYYY, 08/29/YYYY, 09/06/YYYY, 09/12/YYYY, 09/21/YYYY, 09/26/YYYY, 10/03/YYYY, 10/08/YYYY, 10/10/YYYY, 11/08/YYYY  Diagnosis: Left shoulder proximal humerus fracture  PT diagnosis: Left shoulder pain, weakness stiffness  Subjective: Patient states overall better. Still weak with lifting  Objective: Area Treated: Left shoulder Hot Pack x 10 min Pre Rx Cold pack Therapeutic exercise Manual therapy Ultrasound  Assessment: Patient is progressing appropriately towards goals and has been encouraged to continue HEP.  Plan: Progress as tolerated, instructed to continue HEP  * Reviewer's Comments: Only the initial and final visits have been	417-418, 420-421, 423-430, 433-438, 440-441, 517, 522, 529, 534	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		elaborated. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to		
		avoid repetition and for ease of reference.*		
11/19/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Final physical therapy visit:	415-416	N/A
		<b>Diagnosis:</b> Left shoulder proximal humerus fracture		
		PT diagnosis: Left shoulder pain, weakness stiffness		
		<b>Subjective:</b> Patient states overall better. Only has time for ultrasound today due to work, she has to return hack this evening		
		Objective:		
		Area Treated: Left shoulder		
		Hot Pack x 10 min Pre Rx Ultrasound		
		Oltrasound		
		<b>Assessment:</b> Patient is progressing appropriately towards goals and has been encouraged to continue HEP.		
		Plan: Progress as tolerated, instructed to continue HEP		
11/24/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Physical Therapy visits:	419	N/A
	Tiovidei	No show. Cancelled appointment		
11/30/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Physical Therapy visit:	414	N/A
		No show. Cancelled appointment		
12/05/YYYY	Hospital/	Physical Therapy visit:	413	N/A
	Provider	No show. Cancelled appointment		
12/07/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	412, 511-	N/A
	Provider	<b>History:</b> Follow-up for left proximal humerus fracture and adhesive capsulitis. She is dramatically improved, She says the pain is pretty much gone, still some occasional aching. The motion is improved. She had to lay off rehabilitation services for the last couple of weeks but wants to keep going as she feels like she is making good progress.	512, 457	
		<b>Physical examination:</b> Exam today shows her abduction is 10 about 110°, external rotation is to 30". Internal rotation past the borderline and strength is good.		
		<b>X-ray:</b> We did not repeat her x-rays.		
		<b>Impression:</b> Proximal humerus fracture with adhesive capsulitis and excellent progress in rehabilitation.		
		<b>Plan:</b> She is continuing to improve and as long as she docs that		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		we will continue her rehabilitation.		
12/18/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Telephone Conversation:	84	N/A
		Assessment & Plan: Unspecified Diagnosis		
		<b>Current Plans:</b> Started Amoxicillin 500MG, 2 (two) Tablet two times daily, #40, 10 days starting 12/18/YYYY, No Refill.		
12/28/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit :	82-83	N/A
		History of present illness: Patient words: F/U sinus infection. Sick for about 2 weeks sinus congestion, thick yellow mucous, teeth pain called in last week, got amoxil, but was taking 500 bid taking appropriate OTC meds has marginally gotten better		
		Assessment & Plan: Acute sinusitis, unspecified		
10/22/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit :	80-81	N/A
		History of present illness: Patient words: Patient here for influenza today		
		Assessment & Plan: Influenza, need for prophylactic vaccine		
01/02/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Addendum report:  Assessment: UTI, unspecified	79	N/A
		Current Plans: • Started Cipro 250MG, 1 (one) Tablet two times daily, #10, 5 days starting 01/02/YYYY, No Refill.		
01/17/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit:	74-78	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness: Patient words: CPE The patient is a 59 year old female who comes in today for a	77.76	
		complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's stress level is described as an average		
		Assessment:      Routine medical exam     Hypertension		
		Breast cancer		
01/17/YYYY	Hospital/	Telephone Conversation:	73	N/A
	Provider	Assessment: Stress at work		
		Current Plans: Started Xanax 0.5MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily as		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		needed, #30, 01/17/YYYY, No Refill.		
03/12/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Telephone Conversation:	72	N/A
	110 (1001	Assessment: UTI, unspecified		
		<b>Current Plans:</b> Started Macrobid 100MG, 1 (one) Capsule two times daily, #10, 6 days starting 03/12/YYYY, No Refill.		
02/03/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	66-71	N/A
		History of present illness:		
		Patient words: CPE		
		The patient is a 59 year old female who comes in today for a		
		complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with		
		minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's stress level is described as an average.		
		Assessment:		
		Routine medical exam		
		Hypertension		
		Stress at work		
		Need for shingles vaccine		
05/01/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	64-65	N/A
		History of present illness:		
		Patient words: Allergy		
		sneezing		
		watery eyes fatigue		
		"feels off"		
		going on for a month, traveled to Germany during this time and		
		symptoms did not improve		
		wanted to check with me to see what she could take		
		Assessment: Allergic rhinitis, cause unspecified		
05/27/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	62-63	N/A
		History of present illness:		
		Patient words: f/u on most recent sinus infection		
		Sin signs and symptoms since beginning of May		
		was seen on May 1, dx with allergic rhinitis		
		treated with flonase and decongestant		
		didn't' get better now has R sided facial pressure, Rear won't pop		
		tried steroids but they made her agitated		
		took an old course of amoxil for 5 days, didn't help		
		not drinking wine anymore, has lost 6# since she was last seen		
		tried Mucinex and ocean spray- feels no better today		
		No fever		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Assessment& Plan: Acute sinusitis, unspecified		
10/02/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	61	N/A
	Tiovidei	History of present illness: Patient words: Here for influenza vaccine		
		Assessment: Influenza vaccination administered at current visit		
01/14/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:	59-60	N/A
		<b>History of present illness: Patient words:</b> Patient of Dr Pepper goes by "Bonnie" h/o breast CA. C/o vague mild R sided ABD pain lasting 1-3 hours, up to 3 days per week since 10/15. Worse if full after eating large meal and possibly after higher carb or higher fat meal. Similar to when had duodenal ulcer in 20's. Quit EtOH beginning 1/16, previously 2-3 glasses EtOH 3-4 days per week x 1 yr. No NSAIDS. No n/v, f/c, change in weight, night sweats, LAD, ABD mass.		
		Assessment and plan:		
03/25/YYYY	Hospital/	Allergic rhinitis, unspecified allergic rhinitis type     Follow-up Visit:	57-58	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness: Patient words: The patient is a 60 year old female who presents for a nurse visit. The patient states the following (CPE labs for 3/29/YYYY OV)		
		Assessment and plan: Routine medical exam		
		<b>Impression:</b> The patient was counselled on appropriate sunscreen use and seatbelt safety. She was advised to participate in weight-bearing exercise most days of the week and perform monthly self-breast exams. She should consume 1200mg of calcium daily as part of a well-balanced diet.		
		Related records: pdf ref: 172-173		
03/29/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:  History of present illness: Patient words: CPE Toe patient is a 60 year old female who comes in today for a complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's stress level is described as an average.	53-56	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	IROVIDER	Additional reason for visit:		BILLS
		Hypertension Follow-Up is described as the following:		
		Overall the patient is doing well. The patient Checking Pressure		
		blood pressure has been well-controlled. The patient has been		
		compliant with their medications and there have been no side		
		effects.		
		Assessment & Plan:		
		Routine medical exam		
		Hypertension		
		Osteopenia		
		Stress at work		
		GERD without esophagitis		
05/02/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:	51-52	N/A
	Tiovidei	History of Present Illness:		
		Patient words: Started Last wed.		
		started with chills		
		then got sore throat		
		Sinus Pressure, and congestion.		
		Jaw pain		
		Tickle in throat.		
		Slight cough		
		taking nasal spray		
		took amoxil last night a during this am		
		Assessment & Plan:		
		Acute sinusitis, unspecified		
		Impression: will change meds to Augmentin		
		continue decongestant and delsym		
		call if not improving		
		Current Plans: Restarted Augmentin 875-125MG, 1 Tablet two		
		times daily, #20, 10 days starting 05/02/YYYY, and No Refill.		
06/03/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Telephone Conversation:	50	N/A
	1 IUVIUCI	Assessment & Plan: Upper respiratory infection		
		Current Plans: Started Levaquin 500MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily,		
		#10, 10 days starting 06/03/YYYY, No Refill.		
07/28/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit:	48-49	N/A
	Provider			
		History of present illness:		
		Patient words: C/o knee right/side swollen		
		started within a week of being on Levaquin		
		has been doing on for months now R knee		
		hurts to drive walk dog		
[	<u> </u>	nurus to urive wark dog	1	

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	knee is swollen		BILLS
		sore, clicks		
		Sole, cheks		
		Physical exam		
		The physical exam findings are as follows:		
		Musculoskeletal		
		Knee		
		Swelling – Right – Generalized swelling		
		<b>Movements – Right –</b> Range of motion decreased (flex ID 110		
		deg).		
		Deformities:		
		<b>Right</b> – No deformities		
		Other Characteristics – Right – Moderate effusion and Warm.		
		No Erythema or Crepitus. Note: joint line tenderness		
		Assessment & Plan:		
		Knee pain		
		Impression: Acute knee pain after Levaquin		
		x-ray shows mild OA(Osteoarthritis) without trauma		
		declines aspiration or injection today		
		will treat with ice, rest, elevation, NSAIDS		
		can send to ortho if not improving		
		Knee swelling		
		Current Plans: Knee x-ray, 2 views –right		
		Anxiety disorder, unspecified		
		Current Plans: Continued Xanax 0.5MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily as		
		needed, #30		
07/28/YYYY	Hospital/	X-Ray of right knee:	170-171	N/A
	Provider			
		<b>Findings:</b> Joint spaces are within normal limits. No fracture. No		
		dislocation. No radiopaque foreign body. No significant effusion.		
		Impression: Unremarkable exam		
07/29/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit:	46-47	N/A
	Provider	History of Duccont Illnoor		
		History of Present Illness: Patient words: knee pain		
		was seen yesterday for knee pain		
		she used Voltaren gel yesterday, can't tell if it's working yet		
		wants to have her knee drained today		
		Physical exam		
		The physical exam findings are as follows:		
		Musculoskeletal		
		Knee		
		Swelling – Right – Generalized swelling		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
08/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Movements – Right – Range of motion decreased (flex ID 110 deg).  Deformities: Right – No deformities Other Characteristics – Right – Moderate effusion and Warm. No Erythema or Crepitus. Note: joint line tenderness  Assessment & Plan: Knee pain Impression: Acute knee pain after Levaquin x-ray shows mild OA(Osteoarthritis) without trauma will treat with ice, rest, elevation, NSAIDS can send to ortho if not improving  Knee swelling Impression: Right knee joint injection: after verbal informed consent obtained, patient placed in prone position. Knee was prepped in sterile fashion. Ethyl chloride was applied for local analgesia. Joint space was entered with inf lateral approach. 10cc sero sanguinous fluid aspirated. 80mg DepoMedrol injected with 1 cc 1 % lidocaine. The patient tolerated the procedure well with no known complications  Follow-up visit:  History: The patient returns after a long absence; now 61, a right-handed marketer for right knee pain and swelling in recent weeks with no one particular injury, although it may have been from helping a friend lift some heavy items a few months ago. She had aspiration/injection by her primary doctor Dr. Pepper but reports it was minimally helpful and she is quite frustrated.  Physical examination: On exam she is 5 feet 9 inches, 170 pounds, hobbling around on the right knee with significant localized medial joint line tenderness, none laterally. There is mild patellar crepitus and lots of pain with end flexion. No instability. Calf is soft. Skin, pulses, and distal neurologic status are intact.  X-ray: X-rays of the right knee in four views ordered, obtained, and interpreted by me in the office today demonstrate at most subtle medial compartment narrowing but generally clean.  *Reviewers comment: The above mentioned original report of X-ray report of right knee is unavailable for review*  Impression: Right knee pain despite conservative efforts, occult medial meniscus tear versus arthritis.	168-169, 411, 620- 621	Sept.
		<b>Disposition:</b> MRI right knee with definitive recommendations to		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		follow. We will offer her a patellar sleeve for as needed use. We have discussed general knee care. She does not want medications.  Related records: pdf ref: 480-481, 498-510		
08/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Progress Notes:  This patient was issued the following equipment, medium hinged knee brace as prescribed by Dr. Rosenstein. The patient was measured and fitted for the equipment, and instructed in the proper donning, doffing, use and care of the equipment. Then was no difficulty in applying the product correctly. The patient acknowledged understanding of the instructions provided.	410, 621	\$140.00
09/08/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	History: Right knee:  History: Right knee pain and swelling.  Findings: There is a small effusion with small caudally, dissecting Baker's cyst. Intact, medial and lateral menisci. The Cruciate and collateral ligaments are intact with preserved quadriceps and patellar tendons. Mild infra patellar bursitis noted.  There is moderate chondromalacia with cartilaginous attenuation and irregularity involving the medial patellar facet. Preserved remaining patellar and trochlear cartilage thickness. Mild chondromalacia and cartilaginous attenuation affects the posterior paramedian aspect of the articular surface of the medial femoral condyle with subcortical degenerative cystic changes and reactive marrow edema. Moderate chondromalacia affects the periphery of the poster superior articular surface of the medial femoral condyle with subcortical degenerative cystic changes and reactive marrow edema. Unremarkable lateral compartment. No stress fracture is seen. There is a prominent medial plica.  Impression:  Intact medial and lateral menisci Intact cruciate and collateral ligaments and extensor mechanism Moderate chondromalacia of the medial patellar facet as well as the poster superior articular surface of the medial femoral condyle with subcortical degenerative cystic changes and reactive marrow edema of the latter No stress fracture detected	372, 621	\$1135.00
09/13/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	<ul> <li>Prominent medial plica</li> <li>Follow-up visit:</li> <li>History: The patient returns reporting her knee is feeling better.</li> <li>She has had MRI since I have seen her.</li> </ul>	409, 167, 622	\$125.00

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	IKOVIDEK	<b>Physical examination:</b> On exam she still has some mild localized		DILLS
		medial joint line tenderness but it is much improved. She is no		
		longer hobbling. She has some baseline patellar crepitus but		
		minimal effusion. No obvious Baker cyst or fullness posteriorly.		
		No instability. Calf is soft. Skin and pulses are intact.		
		<b>X-ray:</b> MRI of the right knee since I have seen her is useful in		
		demonstrating no evidence of internal derangement. She does		
		have some chondromalacia both medially and in the patello		
		femoral joint.		
		<b>Impression:</b> Early osteoarthritis right knee, back to baseline,		
		feeling well clinically.		
		<b>Disposition:</b> Implications discussed in some detail. She looks so		
		good there is no reason to be aggressive. I have recommended		
		rehab services, knee friendly lifestyle, and ice. She prefers no		
		meds, We could consider hyaluronic acids in the future and		
		handouts are given. She likes this plan.		
		Related records: Pdf ref: 490-493		
09/21/YYYY	Hospital/	Physical therapy visit: (Poor quality record)	483-484,	\$188.00
	Provider		489, 622	
		Mechanism of injury: Insidious- unspecified		
		Current history: Shoulder unspecified, Left knee plan with		
		Location of pain: Left knee cap		
		<b>Assessment:</b> Decreased strength, pain, Not independent with		
		HEP, decreased function		
		Plan: therapeutic exercises		
		HEP/education		
10/28/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	45	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness.		
		History of present illness: Patient words: Here for influenza vaccine		
		ratient words: Here for influenza vaccine		
11/10/5-5-5		Assessment: Influenza vaccination administered at current visit		27/
11/10/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	43-44	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness.		
		History of present illness: Patient words: Fullness in chest, thinks its gas from raw kale		
		intermittent		
		she just got a nuteribullet and was making large kale smoothies		
		she felt a pressure sensation in her chest		
		burping makes it better		

Stopped smoothies 4 days ago and symptoms are improving.  Assessment: Dyspepsia  Impression: She is improving Will give her course of omeprazole for 2 weeks, she has some at home  Follow-up visit:  Provider  History of present illness: The patient is a 61 year old female who presents with neck pain. This condition occurred following a specific injury. The injury occurred 2 day(s) ago. The injury resulted from a motor vehicle accident 2/14/17 she as driving down a small 2 lane country road in Forsyth co. A tractor trailer was in front of her. The truck came to a complete stop and then started to reverse in the road. She states that she stopped as well and started to honk her horn vigorously as she noticed the reverse lights come on the truck. The truck ran into her VW beetle and started to push it down the road. She was retrained, denies head trauma or airbag deployment. No changes in bowels or bladder. Started ID develop muscle pain later that night and it worsened as the days have progressed.). Symptoms include neck stiffness, crepitus (feels/hearins and intermittent 'popping 'sound with cervical rotation), tenderness, impaired range of motion and shoulder pain. Symptoms are located in the left posterior neck and right posterior neck. The pain radiates to the left trapezius, left shoulder, right trapezius and right shoulder. The patient describes the pain as aching and burning. Onset was hour(s) after the injury. The symptoms occur constantly. The patient describes symptoms	N/A
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THE SYMBOTHS OCCUPIED FOR DATIENT DESCRIPES SYMBOTHS	
as moderate in severity and worsening. Symptoms are exacerbated	
by neck movement. Symptoms are not relieved by ice. Associated	
symptoms include headache, while associated symptoms do not	
include upper extremity paresthesias, upper extremity weakness,	
tinnitus, impaired memory or impaired vision. Current treatment	
includes ice. The patient is currently able to do activities of daily	
living without limitations. Note for "Neck pain": Patient also states that she has been anxious about this event "I can still see the	
underbelly of the truck as it was coming towards me".	
Review of system:	
Musculoskeletal: Present myalgia	
Psychiatric: present- Anxiety (Flash backs of the accident)	
Physical exam:	
Cervical spine: Movements painful, Mildly tender (Bilateral	
lateral neck as well as bilateral traps)	
Assessment & Plan: Neck pain	

DATE FACILITY PROVIDE		PDF REF	MEDICAL
PROVID	Impression: Suspect muscle tension/strain. Has good ROM of cervical and lumbar spine. TTP of bilateral lateral neck muscles as well as bilateral trap Do not suspect spinal involvement but will obtain cervical x-rays given the history of an audible popping sound. Advised on NSAIDS and muscle relaxers. Patient states she does not tolerate either very well. Advised to cut dose in half and only use muscle relaxer in the evenings ID prevent drowsiness next AM. Take meloxicam with food. Also advise on ice 15 mins TID for 2 days and then introduce moist heatsoaking in warm Epsom salt Patient asked about massage—advised her to hold off for now and try next week if still in pain. If pain last for longer than 3-4 weeks, will refer to physical therapy		BILLS
	Current Plans Started Meloxicam 15MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily, #30, 30 days starting 02/16/YYYY, No Refill. Started Cyclobenzaprine Hcl 10MG, 1/2-1 Tablet at bedtime as needed for muscle pain, #30, 02/16/YYYY, No Refill.		
	Motor vehicle accident Impression: 2/14/17 tractor trailer reversed into her VW beetle at a steppe position. She states that she was restrained and airbags did not deploy and she did not obtain a head trauma nor other injuries. Neck pain started that night. Suspect muscle strain. See above.		
	Anxiety disorder, unspecified Impression: having flash backs of accident. Having a difficult time sleeping. Request a refill on xanax.		
	Current Plans Continued Xanax 0.5MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily as needed, #30		
	Addendum Note:  LM for patient on voicemail to f/u on OV and symptoms.  Requested that they call the office back with an update on how they are doing.		
	<ul> <li>Addendum Note:</li> <li>Informed patient that her c-spine x-ray shows mild degenerative changes with no acute bony abnormality</li> <li>Patient states that she is still in a lot of pain and the 'popping" in her neck has worsened has not used meloxicam—states she uses this in the past and it torn her stomach up</li> <li>Has an appointment to see ortho</li> </ul>		
02/16/YYYY Hospital/	Will change to Celebrex in the mean time  X-Ray of cervical spine:	166	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	Provider	The cervical vertebral body heights are well-maintained. Minimal loss of disc space at C5-6. Cervical vertebral body heights are well-maintained. Alignment is within normal limits. Prevertebral soft tissues unremarkable. Degenerative changes of the uncovertebral joints at C5-6 and C6-C7. Lateral masses of C1 and C2 are in alignment. The odontoid is within normal limits.  Impression: Mild degenerative changes with no acute bony abnormality.		
02/20/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Telephone Conversation:  Assessment: Neck pain	39	N/A
02/22/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:  HPI: Patient is a 61 y/o woman who is here with a chief complaint of right side cervical pain. She was involved in a motor vehicle accident in which she was sitting in her vehicle at a standstill and a tractor trailer hacked up onto the front of her vehicle. Her car was wedged under the back of the truck. Since that time she has had localized pain over the right lateral epicondyle, as well as right side cervical pain. Prior to this accident she had not had any cervical spine problems. Her pain level is rated 7/10. She is bothered by "clicking" on the right side of her neck and it is constant each time she moves her head. She feels better when sitting, standing or walking and keep her head upright. She feds worse when lying down, morning and night. She has been taking Advil, but prefers not to use any stronger medications. She has not had rehabilitation services and there is no history of prior spine surgery or spinal injection procedures.  PE: Exam shows patient alert and oriented x3. She ambulates independently and her gait is normal.  Cervical posture is normal. Range of motion is decreased toward end ranges of rotation toward the right more so than toward the left. Spurling test is negative on both sides.  Strength is 5/5 through the upper extremity major motor groups. The biceps, triceps and brachioradialis reflexes arc trace bilaterally. Sensation is intact to light touch without extremity edema noted. There is myofascial tenderness along the upper to mid-cervical paraspinals on the right side. No left paraspinal muscle tenderness noted in the cervical region. There is diffuse tenderness through the trapezius muscles on both sides.  X-ray: X-rays ordered, performed and interpreted by me in the office today four views of the cervical spine reveal normal	407-408, 482, 623	\$397.17

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	vertebral body alignment with mild narrowing of the C5-6 intervertebral disk space.  *Reviewer comment: The original report of X-ray of cervical spine is unavailable for review*  Impression:  Cervical sprain Mild C5-6 degenerative disk disease  Result: I. X-ray and exam findings discussed, as well as appropriate treatment. Rehab services on the cervical spine was recommended for son tissue and joint mobilization, ROM and HEP. She has some difficulty with prescription NSAIDs. She has Voltaren gel so she was encouraged to use this on an as needed basis. She says she has used Celebrex in the past for previous issue and her primary care physician is already looking into obtaining prior authorization. She will let us know if the prescription needs to be written through our office or if it will be handled by her PCP.  Recheck in 4-6 weeks.		BILLS
02/24/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Related records: pdf ref: 482, 476-479  Initial physical therapy evaluation: (Hand written notes)  Diagnosis: Cervical sprain, Mild C5-6 degenerative disc disease  Mechanism of injury: Motor vehicle collision  Date of accident: 02/14/YYYY  Current history: Semi backed over car. Immediate right cervical pain, no previous problem  Location: Cervical region- Bilateral  Chief complaint: Pain/clicking- catch/ release, fatigue  Symptoms: Movement  Current function: limited as below  Frequency: 1-2 times/ week for 4-6 weeks  Plan of care: Home exercise program, Therapeutic exercises, body mechanics,	406, 471- 472, 623- 624	\$251.85

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
03/01/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	405	N/A
	Provider	NC 1		
		Missed appointment:		
		No show.		
03/22/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	38	N/A
	Provider	Assessment:		
		Routine medical exam		
		Routine medical exam		
		Impression: Age appropriate cancer screening, cardiovascular		
		risk factors and risk stratification, vaccines, diet, exercise, and		
03/30/YYYY	Hospital/	anticipatory guidance discussed.  Follow-up visit:	35-37, 629	\$169.00
03/30/1111	Provider	ronow-up visit.	33-37, 029	\$109.00
	Tiovidei	Patient words: Physical exam		
		a semi backed into her car (VW bug)		
		she is reliving the accident		
		she has appointment to see therapist in 2 weeks No SI/HI.		
		NO SI/III.		
		The patient is a 61 year old female who comes in today for a		
		complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with		
		minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. The patient's		
		stress level is described as an average.		
		Additional reasons for visit:		
		Hypertension follow-Up: is described as the following:		
		Overall the patient is doing well. Toe patientr2 2 Checking		
		Pressure blood pressure has been well-controlled. The patient has		
		been compliant with their medications and there have been no side effects.		
		effects.		
		Assessment:		
		Routine medical exam		
		Hypertension		
		Osteopenia		
		<ul><li>Gastroesophageal reflux disease without esophagitis</li><li>Hyperlipidemia</li></ul>		
03/06/YYYY	Hospital/	Summary of interim physical therapy visits:	396-404,	\$809.10
-	Provider	pagasan pagasan merupy (1866)	624-629	+337.10
03/31/YYYY	<del>-</del>	<b>Date of visits:</b> 03/06/YYYY, 03/10/YYYY, 03/14/YYYY,		
		03/17/YYYY, 03/22/YYYY, 03/24/YYYY, 03/28/YYYY, 03/31/YYYY		
		Subjective:		
		03/06/YYYY: Patient states she is very stiff and sore		
		·		
		03/10/YYYY: Patient states she felt significantly better last visits		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	TROVIDER	but things stiffened back up		DILLS
		03/14/YYYY: Patient states her neck is doing better, having back issues today (Slept wrong)		
		<b>03/17/YYYY:</b> Patient states her neck is doing better, tractions is helping		
		03/22/YYYY: Patient states heart and traction are really helping		
		<b>03/24/YYYY:</b> Patient states heart and traction are really helping, low back hurting		
		<b>03/28/YYYY:</b> Patient her low back is very painful today, requesting g mechanical traction only		
		03/31/YYYY: Patient again states her low back is very painful and is requesting heat and mechanical traction only		
		Objective: Area Treated: Cervical Moist heat x 10 min Pre Rx Mechanical traction x 15 minutes. HEP instruction		
		Assessment: Patient tolerated treatment Fair. Mechanical traction only today 20 patient's request. Patient is progressing appropriately towards goals. Functional deficits arc secondary to pain, weakness. Loss of ROM, at this lime.		
		<b>Plan:</b> Continue with the current plan or care. Progress as tolerated		
		* Reviewer's Comments: Only the initial and final visits have been elaborated. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to avoid repetition and for ease of reference.*		
04/04/YYYY	Hospital/	Final physical therapy visit:	395, 630	\$40.00
	Provider	<b>Subjective:</b> Patient states her hack is a little belier hut having increased left arm symptoms. Requests MH and traction only. Patient states she is doing her exercises at home.		
		Objective: Area Treated: Cervical Moist heat x 10 min Pre Rx Mechanical traction x 15 minutes. HEP instruction		
		Assessment: Patient tolerated treatment Fair. Mechanical traction only today 20		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		patient's request. Patient is progressing appropriately towards goals. Functional deficits arc secondary to pain, weakness. Loss of ROM, at this lime.		
		<b>Plan:</b> Continue with the current plan or care. Progress as tolerated.		
04/05/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:  HPI: Patient returns today for reevaluation or cervical pain and upper extremity pain following an MVA which occurred on 02/14/YYYY. She has been working with a rehab therapist and her symptoms have improved, hut not resolved. Heat and traction seem to be the most helpful at this point. She is independent with the exercise program otherwise. She is also having a lot of tightness and muscular pain through the shoulder blades on both sides and she has abnormal sensation in the fourth and fifth fingers and along the ulnar border of her left hand.  Physical examination: Exam shows patient alert and oriented x3. She ambulates independently and has a normal gait. Cervical range of motion is mildly reduced at the end ranges of rotation. Spurling test is equivocal on the left; negative on the right. There are no focal motor. Sensory or reflex deficits in either arm. There is a mildly positive Tinel sign over the left cubital tunnel.  X-ray: Cervical spine x-ray, 02/22/YYYY: Mild narrowing of the C5-6 intervertebral disk space.  Impression:  1. Cervical sprain secondary to motor vehicle accident on 02/14/YYYY – improving.  2. Left upper extremity pain, cervical radiculitis versus cubital tunnel syndrome or both.  Result:  1. Treatment options discussed and she will discontinue structured rehabilitation services but continue the exercise program on her own.  2. She has a chiropractor that has seen her periodically over the years and massage therapy is available through their office with a referral. This would be medically appropriate for her to receive therapeutic massage treatment in the cervical and periscapular region.  3. Reevaluate in 4-5 weeks.  4. Left upper extremity EMG/NCS and/or cervical MRI would be our next steps if her symptoms do not continue to improve.  5. She was also given a prescription to obtain a supine cervical home traction unit.	394, 630	\$134.12

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
04/24/YYYY	Hospital/	Telephone Conversation:	392-393	N/A
	Provider	Message: Left voice message asking patient to call and schedule EMG/ NCS		
		Spoke to patient and scheduled EMG/NCS with Dr. chambers 05/16		
04/24/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	391, 631	\$164.12
	Provider	<b>HPI:</b> She follows up today for continued pain in the left shoulder and arm and she is concerned because she is having numbness in the fourth and filth fingers of her left hand.		
		<b>Physical examination:</b> Exam shows patient alert and oriented x 3. She ambulates independently and has a normal gait. Tinel test is positive over the left cubital tunnel. Sensation is altered in the fifth finger and the ulnar hat r of the ring linger of her ten hand. There is also decreased cervical range of motion with left side cervical pain noted during rotation and side bending. No focal motor deficits arc present in either upper extremity. Reflexes arc equal in both upper extremities.		
		Impression: 1. Left cubital tunnel syndrome. 2. Cervical pain with left upper extremity radiculitis.		
		Result: 1. Proceed with cervical MRI 2. Proceed with left upper extremity EMG/NCS. 3. She is in the process of obtaining a home traction unit through her rehab therapist. 4. Additional recommendations pending outcome of above studies.		
05/16/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	EMG/Nerve Conduction Study:  Patient Complaints: Numbness and tingling in the left forearm	385-389, 631	\$365.00
		Patient History: Patient is a 61 year old woman who was involved in an MVA on 2/14/YYYY and subsequently developed cervical pain with left arm pain and paresthesias. The paresthesias involve the 5 <sup>th</sup> finger and only the ulnar side of the 4 <sup>th</sup> finger. She also has cervical pain and radicular symptoms which have improved but not resolved with rehabilitation services. NSAIDS and oral steroids.		
		<b>Impression:</b> The above electro diagnostic study reveals evidence of left ulnar neuropathy at the elbow. Ulnar inching technique localizes the compression at and just above the left cubital tunnel.		

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		There is also left carpal tunnel syndrome (median nerve entrapment at wrist) affecting sensory components. Patient docs not display symptoms of carpal tunnel syndrome at this time. There is no electro diagnostic evidence of cervical radiculopathy in the left upper limb.		
		<b>Recommendations</b> : She will be referred to one of our hand and upper extremity physicians for evaluation and treatment for these findings		
05/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	MRI of cervical spine without contrast:  History: Neck pain/radicular symptoms since motor vehicle accident February 2017.	369, 632	\$1225.00
		Comparison: None		
		<b>Findings:</b> Limited images or the cervico medullary junction am normal. Cervical cord is normal in course and Caliber. No cord edema.		
		2 mm retrolisthesis C5 relative to C6 associated with mild disk space narrowing. Disk dehydration present at remaining cervical levels with intact disk heights. No evidence of fracture		
		C2·3: No disk bulge. Patent central canal and neural foramina		
		C3-4: No disk bulge. Patent central canal and neural foramina		
		C4-5: Mild disk space narrowing. No disk bulge, Patent central canal and neural foramina.		
		<b>C5-6:</b> Grade 1 retrolisthesis with mild disk space narrowing. Uncovertebral hypertrophy and broad-based posterior osteophyte disk complex with effacement of the ventral thecal sac. Mild facet hypertrophy. Moderate to severe left and moderate right foraminal narrowing.		
		C6-7: No disk bulge. Patent central canal and neural foramina		
		C7-T1: No disk bulge. Mild facet hypertrophy. Patent central canal and neural foramina		
		Impression: 1. C5-6: Grade 1 retrolisthesis with mild disk space n; mowing Broad-based posterior disk osteophyte complex and mild facet hypertrophy resulting in moderate to severe left and moderate right foraminal narrowing. Mild central canal stenosis. Full details throughout the cervical levels as described above. 2. Prominent asymmetric oft apical pleural thickening. Correlation with CT chest recommended to exclude a neoplasm		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
05/31/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow up visit:  HPI: She follows up today to review the findings of a cervical MRI scan. She continues to haw cervical pain extending into the trapezius and periscapular region on both sides, left greater than right. Additionally, she continues to have symptoms of left ulnar neuropathy. She had an EMG/NCS performed by me on 05/16/YYYY which revealed ulnar neuropathy at the elbow. She has already been scheduled to sec Dr. Frank Joseph for evaluation and treatment.  Physical examination: Limited exam is remarkable for cervical range of motion that is decreased toward end range of rotation. No focal motor deficit is noted with manual muscle testing.  X-ray: Cervical MRI. 05/23/YYYY, was reviewed personally by me. Images were shown to and discussed with the patient and reveal a grade I retrolisthesis of C5 on C6 with mild narrowing of the disk space. There is a broad-based disk osteophytic complex that effaces the thecal sac and contributes to left greater than right foraminal stenosis. The other levels are normal in appearance.  Electro diagnostic studies: Left upper extremity EMG/NCS.05/16/YYYY: Len ulnar neuropathy at the elbow. There is also left carpal tunnel syndrome affecting sensory components. Patient docs not display symptoms of carpal tunnel syndrome. No electro diagnostic evidence of cervical radiculopathy.	384,458- 460, 632	\$164.12
		<ul> <li>C5-6 disk osteophyte complex with left greater than right foraminal stenosis.</li> <li>Left cubital tunnel syndrome-symptomatic.</li> <li>Left carpal tunnel syndrome – asymptomatic.</li> <li>Result: Options for treatment were discussed. Cervical epidural steroid injection was recommended. Patient declined and says that she would like to just monitor the symptoms for another few</li> </ul>		
	Harris 1/	weeks and she will call if she should decide to pursue more aggressive care.  She is already scheduled to sec Dr. Frank Joseph on 06/06(2017 for evaluation and treatment of left cubital tunnel syndrome, Follow up prn.	290	\$15.00
06/06/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Progress Notes:  This patient was issued the following equipment, Heel Bo, as prescribed by Dr. Joseph. The patient was measured and fitted for	380	\$15.00

Patient Name

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		the equipment, and instructed in the proper donning, doffing, use and care or the equipment, Then: was no difficulty in applying the product correctly, The patient acknowledged understanding of the instructions provided.		
06/06/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider		381-383, 633	\$258.12
		Lab: EMG and NCV studies arc positive for left cubital tunnel syndrome.  Plan: Therapeutic options were reviewed. The need for activity		

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		modification was reviewed. The patient was lit with an elbow pad. The patient will initiate a towel wrapping program. The patient will RTC in six weeks for reevaluation. The possibility of cubital tunnel decompression was discussed in detail with literature and the nature of surgery was reviewed.		
		Related records: Pdf ref: 452-456		
06/07/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Referral Report:  Patient requested a new physical therapy order. Per Venyette Charles. A new order was written. Patient was called and	379	N/A
		informed.		
06/21/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Bilateral digital diagnostic mammogram with CAD:  Clinical History: Personal history of left breast cancer, Left lumpectomy in 2010.	159-160	N/A
		Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/17/YYYY ultrasound, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 6/8/YYYY, mammogram, 5/8/YYYY mammogram, and 5/9/YYYY mammogram, 05/11/YYYY mammogram – Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C.		
		Both breasts are heterogeneously dense, which may obscure small masses.		
		Current study was evaluated with a Computer Aided Detection (CAD) system.		
		The left breast is smaller than the right due to lumpectomy. There are post-op and radiation changes. Skin thickening, and skin retraction in the left breast n the medial aspect that correlate with surgical site. There also is a benign appearing calcification in the left breast. No significant masses, calcifications, or other findings are seen in either breast		
		<b>Benign:</b> There is no mammographic evidence of malignancy. Ultrasound of both breasts: 6121/YYYY comparison is made to exams dated: 6/17/YYYY ultrasound, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 6/812015 mammogram, 5/812014 mammogram, 5/9/YYYY mammogram, and 5/11/YYYY mammogram. Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C.		
		Real-time ultrasound of both breasts was performed.  No abnormalities were seen sonographically in either breast.		
		Impression: Negative – follow-up recommended There is no sonographic evidence or malignancy. A follow-up mammogram in 12 months is recommended.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
08/01/YYYY	PROVIDER  Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:  Diagnosis: MVA 02/YYYY.  1. Left cubital tunnel syndrome with positive EMG and NCV studies.  2. Left elbow medial epicondylitis.  3. Cervical C5-C6 disk complex.  History: The patient presents for follow-up with increasing pain, aching and paresthesias, The patient is working with difficulty and would like to proceed with surgery. Discomfort is 6-8/10.  Physical examination: The patient has a normal station and gait with normal respirations.  Exam of the left elbow demonstrates medial epicondylar swelling and tenderness with a positive Tinel over the cubital canal. The lateral epicondylar area is non-tender. Mobile wad is non-tender. There is a negative Phalen's test bilaterally and a negative Finkelstein test bilaterally.  DF/PF is symmetric al 70/80.  GS: R 30 kg, L 18 kg.  The patient is noted to be healthy. Alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons arc intact. Radial pulse is 3+ and symmetric. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shin test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically, DRUJ is stable and non-tender.  Plan: Natural history was reviewed. The patient will continue with the towel wrapping program. Anticipate the need for left cubital tunnel release with associated medial epicondylar repair as	376-378, 634	\$164.12
08/28/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	to four weeks off of work following surgery.  Follow-up visit:  Diagnosis: MVA 02/YYYY.  I. Left cubital tunnel syndrome with positive EMG and NCV studies.  2. Left elbow medial epicondylitis.  3. Cervical C5-C6 disk complex.	374-375, 634	\$164.12
		History: The patient presents for follow-up with increasing pain, aching and paresthesias, The patient is working with difficulty and would like to proceed with surgery. Discomfort is 6-8/10.  Physical examination: The patient has a normal station and gait with normal respirations.  Exam of the left elbow demonstrates medial epicondylar swelling		

DOB: MM/DD/YYYY

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
09/22/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	and tenderness with a positive Tinel over the cubital canal. The lateral epicondylar area is non-tender. Mobile wad is non-tender. There is a negative Phalen's test bilaterally and a negative Finkelstein test bilaterally.  DF/PF is symmetric al 70/80.  GS: R 30 kg, L 16 kg.  The patient is noted to be healthy. Alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons are intact. Radial pulse is 3+ and symmetric. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shin test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically, DRUJ is stable and non-tender.  Plan: Therapeutic options were reviewed. The patient ha, foiled standard conservative evaluation and care. The decision was made today to proceed with a left cubital tunnel release with a medial epicondylar repair us an outpatient. Morbidity and mortality were reviewed. Anticipate two to four weeks off or work following surgery. We will schedule. H and P was completed.  History and physical: (Illegible record)  Chief complaint: Left cubital tunnel and medial epicondylitis  Present illness: left carpel tunnel/ left medial epicondylitis  Physical exam: Left elbow positive Tinel, pain  Impression: left elbow pain	251	N/A
09/29/YYYY	Hospital/	Related records: pdf ref: 252  Operative report of carpel tunnel release- left:	306-308	\$6181.97
	Provider	Physical Exam Patient is a 62-year-old female.  Surgeon: Frank R. Joseph M.D.  Pre-op diagnosis:  Left Cubital Tunnel. Syndrome Left medial epicondylitis  Post-op Diagnosis: The same  Procedure Performed: Left Cubital Tunnel release Medial epicondylar repair  Anesthesia: General	300-300	φ0101.71

Patient Name

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Operative Note: The patient was taken to the operating room where a standard briefing and timeout was performed. Patient was given appropriate IV preoperative antibiotics. Anesthesia was performed without complications. Standard prep and drape Left The extremity was exsanguinated and the tourniquet was inflated to 250 mmHg. Using 3.5 loupe magnification. Followed by 5.0 loupe magnification. A 6 cm longitudinal, medial incision was made just inferior to the medial epicondyle on the left. Subcutaneous tissue was carefully transected. Multiple branches or the medial ante brachial cutaneous nerve were identified and mobilized with a vessel loop. A proximal to distal dissection of the ulnar nerve was performed, The nerve was noted to be compressed and hyperemic at its apex at Osborne's ligament. The FCU muscle and fascia were appropriately split. Motor branches were identified and protected. Proximal brachial fascia was split A 4 cm section of the medial intramuscular septum was identified and excised, All potential bleeders were etectrocauterized. At this point it was felt that the nerve had been completely decompressed and was stable. No masses or anatomic anomalies were encountered. The motor branches were noted to be intact. The medial epicondylar area was identified. Split longitudinally scar tissue was excised, bone was soaped to a bleeding surface and a formal repair was performed with interrupted 4-0 Vicryl The area was aggressively irrigated with normal saline. Subcutaneous tissue was closed in layers with 2-0 and 4-0 Vicryl followed by a standard skin closure and compressive dressing. The tourniquet was released. The patient tolerated the procedure well and was transferred to the recovery room in stable condition Return to Office: Frank Joseph, MD for Recheck at St. Joseph's on 10/10/YYYY at 08:45 AM		
10/04/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:  HPI Patient is status post left cubital tunnel release with medial epicondylar repair 9/29/YYYY Patient returns with some aching and inability to change her dressing  Physical Exam Patient is a 62-year-old female. The patient is noted to be alert and oriented x3 with normal mood. Station and affect. Normal gait. Pulses are +3 and symmetric.	304-306	N/A

Patient Name

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	Digits are warm and pink. Carpus is well aligned clinically. DRUJ is stable and non-tender, Normal skin texture. No skin ulcers are noted. No evidence of infection.  Excellent healing of incision dressing is dry and intact removed no its infection		BILLS
		Assessment/ Plan Diagnosis and pathophysiology was reviewed at length with the patient. Activity levels were discussed in detail. Follow-up care was reviewed. Appropriate OTC NSAID use was reviewed Dressing changed by myself. Area redressed. Rx of Ambien 5 mg patient will RTC 1 week for reevaluation. Possible rehab		
		125. Lesion of ulnar nerve – Left: Lesion of ulnar nerve. Left upper limb  Ambien 5 mg tablet – Take 1 tablet al bed lime as needed post-surgery Qty: 12 tablet(s) Refills: 0		
		Return to Office: • Frank Joseph, MD tor Recheck at Roswell on 10/11/YYYY at 0945 AM		
		Related records: Pdf ref: 344-346		
10/11/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:  Chief Complaint: Diagnosis: Left cubital tunnel release 09/29/YYYY.  HPI: The patient relates some aching and stiffness. Working but on a limited basis. Current level of discomfort is 2-4/10.  Physical Exam	303-304	N/A
		Patient is a 62-yoar-old female. Excellent healing. Trace swelling. No evidence of infection. Range of motion of left elbow is 30/90. The patient is noted to be healthy, alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons are intact, 3+ symmetric radial pulses. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shift test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically. DRUJ is stable and non-tender.		
		Assessment/ Plan Suture end trimmed. Light dressing. Patient strongly encouraged to increase mobilization of the elbow. We will initiate rehab. The patient will RTO 2 weeks for reevaluation. OTC NSAIDs. The patient again is working on a limited basis.		
		125. Lesion of ulnar nerve: Lesion of ulnar nerve. Left		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		upper limb  • Physical therapy elbow referral· Schedule Within: provider's discretion Side: LEFT Evaluate & Treat: yes Visits per Week: 3 Number of Weeks; 4 Total# of Visits: 12  Return to Office  • Rakhi Sujeet Gaonkar, OT for Rehab New Patient at Rehab Roswell on 10/16/YYYY at 11:00 AM  • Frank Joseph, MD for Recheck at Roswell on 10/30/YYYY at 10:00 AM		
10/16/33333	TT '4 1/	Related records: Pdf ref: 341-343	205 209	\$246.22
10/16/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Occupational Therapy visit:  Chief Complaint: Left elbow problem evaluation	295-298, 636-637	\$246.33
		Physical Therapy Episodes Episode: Left elbow pain 10/16/17		
		HPI: Location: Left Quality: Aching; stabbing; hypersensitivity along the surgical incision Severity: Pain level 8/10 Aggravating Factors: Lifting; gripping: grasping		
		62 y/o female with s/p left cubital tunnel release done on 9/29/17 .Discharge sutures to 10/4/17 and ref to therapy		
		<b>PMH:</b> MVA post Chest injury and complains with L SF, RF, dec sensation		
		Occupational history: Event planner, computer work		
		Hobbies: Gardening		
		Physical Exam: Patient is a 62-year-old female		
		Elbow-R L Ext/flex 0/147,-47/118		
		Wrist-R L Flexion: 0/65 0/40 Extension: 0/65 0/60 RD: 0/40 0/15 UD: 0/55 0/40		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	Forearm R L		BILLS
		Pron: 0/60 0/65		
		Sup: 0/75 0/35		
		Supr or re oree		
		Finger IF SF		
		MP 0/60 0/70		
		PIP 0/80 12/80		
		DIP 0/70 0/78		
		R 50 # ,40# 45# LNT		
		LIVI		
		Pinch: R L		
		Lat 16#		
		2 pt 10#		
		3 jaw 9#		
		Edema:		
		R elbow: 26.7 cms L elbow: 27.0 cms		
		L'elbow: 27.0 cms		
		<b>Sensations:</b> Numbness in the L SF, RF burning in the elbow		
		Procedure :Manual Therapy: 15 minutes		
		The patient received manual therapy consisting of PROM, gentle		
		passive stretches to the wrist		
		OT evaluation low complex		
		Occupational therapy low complex evaluation performed		
		Assessment/Plan:		
		Assessment		
		Rehab Potential: Good		
		Patients presents with the following problems that require skilled		
		rehabilitation:		
		<ul><li>Pain.</li><li>Decreased ROM</li></ul>		
		<ul><li>Decreased Strength.</li><li>Decreased ADL Function.</li></ul>		
		Decreased ADL Function.		
		Plan:		
		Treatment Frequency/Duration: 3 visit(s)/week for 4 week(s).		
		Treatment Plan to include but not limited to: Education &		
		HEP		
		Therapeutic Exercise		
		Manual Therapy & Joint Mobilization		
		Modalities		
		1. Pain in elbow: Pain in left elbow		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	110 (1221	2. Cubital tunnel syndrome: Lesion of ulnar nerve, left upper limb		
		Return to office:  • Rakhi Sujeet Gaonkar. OT for Rehab Follow Up at Rehab Roswell on 10/26/YYYY at 12:30 PM  • Rakhi Sujeet Gaonkar. OT for Rehab New Patient at Rehab Roswell on 10/30/YYYY at 09:00 AM  • Frank Joseph, MD for Recheck at Roswell on 10/30/YYYY at 10:00 AM		
10/26/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Occupational Therapy visit:  Chief Complaint: Elbow Problem Daily	292-295, 637	\$95.33
		Physical Therapy Episodes Episode: Left elbow pain 10/16/17		
		HPI: Location: Left Quality: Aching; stabbing; hypersensitivity along the surgical incision Severity: Pain level 8/10 Aggravating Factors: Lifting; gripping: grasping		
		62 y/o female with s/p left cubital tunnel release done on 9/29/17 .Discharge sutures to 10/4/17 and ref to therapy		
		<b>PMH:</b> MVA post Chest injury and complains with L SF, RF, dec sensation		
		Occupational history: Event planner, computer work		
		Hobbies: Gardening		
		Physical Exam: Patient is a 62-year-old female		
		Elbow-R L Ext/flex 0/147,-47/118		
		Wrist-R L Flexion: 0/65 0/40 Extension: 0/65 0/60 RD: 0/40 0/15 UD: 0/55 0/40		
		Forearm R L Pron: 0/60 0/65 Sup: 0/75 0/35 Finger IF SF MP 0/60 0/70		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	PROVIDER	PIP 0/80 12/80		BILLS
		DIP 0/70 0/78		
		R 50 # ,40# 45#		
		LNT		
		Pinch: R L		
		Lat 16#		
		2 pt 10#		
		3 jaw 9#		
		Edema:		
		R elbow: 26.7 cms		
		L elbow: 27.0 cms		
		<b>Sensations:</b> Numbness in the L SF, RF burning in the elbow		
		Procedure :Manual Therapy: 20 minutes		
		The patient received manual therapy consisting of gentle passive		
		stretches to the elbow and the wrist in supine position, scar		
		massage, desensitization  Hot/Cold Pack: 10 minutes		
		Treatment of Moist Heat was applied during post –treatment for		
		the above noted minutes. Pre and post skin checks performed with		
		no adverse reaction.		
		Assessment/Plan:		
		Assessment		
		Patient continues to present with hypersensitivity along surgical		
		incision .Fair tolerance to passive stretches to the elbow and the wrist. Surgical incision is healing well but presents with scar		
		tissue.		
		Plan		
		Next visit will focus on desensitization and rom to benefit the		
		patient's functional limitations noted today.		
		1. Pain in elbow: Pain in left elbow		
		2. Cubital tunnel syndrome: Lesion of ulnar nerve, loft upper limb		
		Return to Office		
		• Frank Joseph, MD for Recheck at Roswell on 10/30/YYYY at		
		10:00 AM  • Rakhi Sujeet Gaonkar. OT for Rehab New Patient al Rehab		
		Roswell on 11/01/YYYY at 01:30 PM		
10/30/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	290-292	N/A
	Provider	Chief compleint: None recorded		
		Chief complaint: None recorded		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	HPI: Diagnosis: Cubital tunnel release 09/29/17. History: Moderate aching. Some incisional hypersensitivity.  Physical exam: Patient is a 62-year-old female. Incision is well healed. There is no focal Tinel, but the incision is tender. Patient lacks 10 degrees of extension with full flexion. No instability or evidence of infection. Normal station, gait, and respirations.  The patient s noted to be healthy, alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons are intact, 3+ symmetric radial pulses. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shift test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically, DRUJ is stable and non-tender  Assessment/Plan: Patient will continue with rehab to include desensitization. Rx of Voltaren gel. Patient is working. RTO 6 weeks for reevaluation. OTC NSAIDs.  Lesion of ulnar nerve: Lesion or ulnar nerve, left upper limb  Return to Office  Rakhi Sujeet Gaonkar, OT for Rehab Follow Up at Rehab Roswell on 11/01/YYYY at 01:30 PM  Frank Joseph. MD for Recheck at Roswell on 12/11/YYYY at 10: 15 AM		BILLS
12/11/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:  Chief complaint: Follow up: lesion of ulnar nerve  0/10 Left side occasional pain right elbow pain now hurting  HPI: Diagnosis: MVA 02/14/YYYY.  1. Left cubital tunnel release 09129/YYYY.  2. Right lateral epicondylitis, new diagnosis.  History: The patient presents for follow-up. Left elbow is feeling better. Paresthesias arc improving. The patient relates persistent right elbow pain since the day of the injury and is now requesting evaluation and care. The patient relates difficulty gripping and lifting. The patient is working.  Physical Exam	287-290, 637	\$258.12

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	Patient is a 62-vear-old female.		BILLS
		Normal station, gait, and respirations.		
		Left elbow is well healed with minimal swelling. Negative Tinel.		
		FROM. No instability.		
		Exam of right elbow demonstrates classic lateral epicondylar		
		tenderness with swelling. Mobile wad is non-tender. FROM.		
		Negative Tinel over the cubital canal.		
		Negative Phalen's test bilaterally. Negative Tinel bilaterally.		
		Negative Finkelstein test bilaterally.		
		The patient is noted to be healthy, alert and oriented x3 with		
		normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons are intact. 3+		
		symmetric radial pulses. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shift test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically. DRUJ is		
		stable and non-tender.		
		state and non tender.		
		<b>Imaging:</b> X-rays were ordered, performed, and interpreted by me.		
		Three views of the right elbow are negative for OA or STC. Some		
		slight osteopenia is noted.		
		wn ·		
		*Reviewers comment: The above mentioned original X-ray report		
		of right elbow is unavailable for review*		
		Assessment/Plan		
		Natural history reviewed. Pros and cons of injection or MRI		
		discussed. Patient encouraged to start using Voltaren gel on the		
		right.		
		RTC in 6 weeks for reevaluation. Should right elbow continue to		
		be symptomatic. Would be inclined to proceed with MRI and/or		
		injection. Possibility of rehabilitation was specifically discussed		
		on the right but deferred per patient.		
		1. Lesion of ulnar nerve: Lesion of ulnar nerve, left upper limb		
		2. Lateral epicondylitis – Right: Lateral epicondylitis. Right elbow		
		3. Pain in elbow: Pain in right elbow		
		D. 4. OPP F. 1.1. 1. MD.C. D. 1.1. (D. 11.		
		<b>Return to Office:</b> Frank Joseph. MD for Recheck at Roswell on 02/05/YYYY at 10:15 AM		
		02/03/1111 at 10.13 AW		
		Related records: Pdf ref: 335-337		
01/08/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit:	33-34	N/A
	Provider			
		History of present illness: Patient words: sinus infection?		
		Patient words: sinus infection?  Patient mentioned that there is pressure in her face, and		
		discomfort in her right ear.		
		The patient is a 62 year old female who presents with sinusitis.		
		Feeling well until symptoms started 2 days ago		
		sinus congestion; right sided sinus pressure without much mucus		
		production		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	risht oor rein/anseerra		BILLS
		right ear pain/pressure		
		symptoms worsening, chilled		
		Assessment & Plan: Acute maxillary sinusitis, Hypertension		
		Impression: 62 y/o female with right sided sinus congestion/pressure, right ear pressure x 2 days – symptoms worsening, not much mucus production.  Afebrile, right sided sinus tenderness to palpation; congestion; lungs CTAB  Suspect viral etiology.  Explained to patient that most upper respiratory, throat, and sinus infections are viral in etiology and typically should resolve in 7-10 days, maximum of 14 days.		
		Antibiotics do not help with viral infections and may lead to		
		antibiotic resistance if overused, thus will hold antibiotic		
		treatment at this time.  Augmentin written for if symptoms continue to worsen (patient		
		requests for abx)		
		Encouraged patient to use symptomatic therapy including		
		Mucinex, Tylenol or Advil, fluids, and rest. Patient to call back if		
		not improving or any concerning symptoms.		
		Summary of Post motor vehicle collision		
		Date of collision: 03/23/YYYY		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/	Emergency room visit:	140-146	N/A
	Provider	Arrival time: 17:05 hours		
		Triage: Less urgent		
		Vital signs: Pulse: 92 beats/ minute Respiration: 16 breaths/ minute Blood pressure: 165/85mmhg SpO2: 97% Pain: 6/10 GCS: 15		
		Chief complaint: Motor vehicle collision		
		Mode of arrival: Transported by EMS- Gwinnett County		
		*Reviewers comment: The above mentioned EMS report of Gwinnett County is unavailable for review*		
		Onset of symptoms: 30 minutes ago		
		Patient reports to emergency department complains of neck tightness and left ear pain after being rear ended in MVA,. Patient		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		reports she was restrained driver, no LOC, no Airbag deployment.		
		Nursing assessment: General Presentation: Appears in no acute distress. Fully verbal.		
		<b>HEENT:</b> Eyes, ears and nose without visible drainage or Injury. Swallowing without difficulty		
		<b>Pulmonary:</b> Bilateral breath sounds clear. Respirations regular end unlaboured. Mucous membranes and nail beds pink.		
		Circulatory/Cardiac: Pulse present and regular. Capillary refill less than 2 seconds		
		<b>Neurologic:</b> Alert end oriented person, place, and time. Speech clear. Responds to commands. Moves all extremities		
		<b>Skin/Soft Tissue:</b> Skin is warm, dry and intact with normal color and turgor. There is pain noted over the C spine and posterior neck. Neurovascular exam intact.		
		Musculoskeletal/ Extremities: ROM intact for al extremities, no muscle weakness. Normal ambulatory status.		
		Nursing Notes: Patient ambulated to the bathroom with steed and even gait Patient received Ativan in CT room for anxiety. Good airway Patient given crackers and water. Tolerating well		
		Clinician history of present illness: Summary		
		The patient is a 62 year old female who presents to the ED today for a MVA. Today the patient was a restrained driver when she was rear ended. Immediately she states that she experienced neck pain, she states that her head was turned so when she was hit it caused her neck to jerk. The airbags were not deployed. She complains of a left aided headache, left ear pain but denies dizziness. She has a medical history of hypertension and breast cancer; she is now cancer free and received chemotherapy and radiation for 1 year. She has a surgical history that consists of left breast lumpectomy, appendectomy, tonsillectomy, and left elbow surgery. No other associating symptoms and modifying factors were reported upon examination.		
		No history to suggest any head injury. This is note job related problem. History comes from patient. Have reviewed and agree with RN note. Able to get a good history. Presenting problem started hour(s) ago.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	TROVIDER	Patient problems:  Benign hypertension Anxiety Status post MVA Closed Injury of head Posttraumatic headache Injury of neck  Review of systems: He has headache. Has neck pain. No fever. No double vision  *Reviewers comment: The diagnostic reports are elaborated in detail below*  Primary diagnosis: Status post MVA Closed injury of head Injury of neck Posttraumatic headache Left apical radiation fibrosis and of left upper lung		
		Disposition: Decision: Discharge Condition at discharge: Stable  Patient ambulated out of ED without difficulty Discharge to home. Patient left via private vehicle as a passenger		
		<ul> <li>Discharge prescriptions:</li> <li>Cyclobenzaprine tablet 10 mg 1 tablet(s) By Mouth Every 8 Hours</li> <li>Tramadol tablet 60 mg 1 tablet(s) By Mouth Every 8 Hours</li> <li>Zofran ODT tablet, disintegrating 4 mg 1 tablet(s) Orally Every 8 Hours</li> </ul> Related records: Pdf ref: 147-150		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	CT of Angio Neck with-without contrast & post:  Indication: MVA; head and neck injury; left-sided headache and neck pain; opacified left lung apex; history of breast cancer  Findings: The imaged intracranial contents are normal. The imaged paranasal sinuses and mastoid air cells are clear.  No lesions are present within the mucosal space. The	151-152	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		parapharyngeal fat is symmetric. No masses are appreciated within the carotid, parotid, masticator spaces. The tonsils are symmetric. There is no evidence of a mass within the floor the mouth or the mobile tongue. The submandibular glands are symmetric. There is no significant adenopathy. There is a smooth appearance to the epiglottis and aryepiglottic folds. There is no evidence of a mass in the region the true vocal cords. The laryngeal cartilages are intact. The thyroid gland is grossly normal.		
		Posterior left lung apex demonstrates consolidation with air bronchograms. This may be due to inclusion within radiation field.		
		CT angiography demonstrates a normal variant branching pattern to the great vessels. Left vertebral artery directly arises from the aortic arch. Origin of the left subclavian artery demonstrates nonspecific mild wall thickening. There is no evidence of the stenosis at their origins.		
		There is no evidence of a stenosis at the origin of the vertebral arteries and there is antegrade flow bilaterally.		
		The common carotid arteries are of normal caliber. There is no evidence of a significant stenosis in either carotid bifurcation. There is enhancement in the distal vertebral arteries. There is enhancement of visualized portions of basilar artery.		
		Impression: 1. Posterior left apical consolidation, possibly secondary to radiation therapy. Comparison with prior outside facility chest radiograph is recommended to assess chronicity. Follow-up to complete resolution is otherwise recommended. 2. Nonspecific mild thickening of the wall involving left subclavian artery origin. 3. Otherwise, normal CTA of the neck vessels.		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	CT of cervical spine: History: MVA/ injury	153-154	N/A
		Comparison: None		
		Findings: All 7 cervical vertebrae are visualized and aligned. No fracture or subluxation. Prevertebral soft tissue is normal. Degenerative changes are present including spur and ossicle formation at the anterior atlantoaxial joint. There is disc space narrowing at C5-6. Alignment is straightened.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	PROVIDER	There is opacification of the left lung apex. Minimal aerated lung		DILLS
		is observed anteriorly.		
		Impression:		
		1. No acute fracture or subluxation.		
		2. Mild degenerative changes.		
		3. Straight alignment which may be secondary muscle spasm,		
		positioning or soft tissue injury. 4. Opacification of the left lung apex. Chest x-ray or CT cheat		
		may evaluate further.		
		Clinical correlation is recommended. If clinical suspicion persists,		
		MRI may be more sensitive.		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	CT of chest with contrast:	155-156	N/A
	110 (1001	<b>History:</b> MVA/ left apical CAP on chest x-ray		
		Comparison: None		
		Findings:		
		Lower neck showed no acute abnormalities		
		Lung and Pleura: Consolidation with air bronchograms and		
		straight margin posterior left lung apex most likely arises from lying within radiation field. No pleural effusion.		
		Tracheobronchial tree showed no acute abnormalities.		
		Mediastinal and hilar structures: have normal contour. No abnormal masses or inflammatory changes. No significant lymphadenopathy.		
		Heart/Great Vessels: Normal heart size and contour. No pericardial effusion. Normal great vessels.		
		Coronary Artery Calcification: None.		
		Cheat wall: Normal.		
		The visuali2ed upper abdomen showed no focal abnormality though the upper abdomen was not specifically evaluated on this cheat study.		
		No musculoskeletal abnormalities.		
		Impression:		
		1. Consolidation with air bronchograms and straight margin and		
		posterior left lung apex is most likely due to previous radiation.		
		2. No pleural fluid		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		3. No evidence of acute vessel, organ, or bone injury.		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/	CT of head without contrast:	157	N/A
	Provider	History: MVA/ injury		
		Comparison: None		
		Findings: The ventricles are normal in size and configuration. No focal intra parenchymal lesions are present. No acute hemorrhage. There is no evidence of midline shift or mass effect. No extra-axial fluid collections are present. The visualized paranasal sinuses and mastoid air cells are clear. The intraorbital contents are grossly normal in appearance. No hemorrhage, mass lesion, or acute infarction is demonstrated. There is hyperostosis frontalis interna.		
		Impression: 1. No acute findings on non-contrast CT scan of the head.		
		If patient develops a persistent neurologic deficit, further evaluation with MRI with diffusion weighted imaging may be of assistance.		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	X-Ray of chest:  History: MVA/ Abnormal CT left lung apex	158	N/A
		Comparison: None		
		Findings: There is a homogeneous left apical cap which could represent sub pleural hematoma or chronic pleural and parenchymal scarring. No pneumothorax. Lungs are otherwise clear.		
		Cardio mediastinal silhouette appears unremarkable.		
		Impression: 1. There is a homogeneous left apical cap which could represent sub pleural hematoma or chronic pleural and parenchymal scarring. No pneumothorax.		
03/29/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Office visit:  Chief complaint: HTN follow up, Request refill of Xanax for	31-32	N/A
		anxiety- helps sleep		
		The patient is a 62 year old female who presents for follow-up of hypertension. And has not been checking blood pressures. The patient has been compliant with their medications and there have		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
03/29/YYYY	FACILITY/ PROVIDER  Hospital/ Provider	been no side effects. There has been no associated chest pain, headache or edema. Note for "Hypertension Follow-Up": 195/110 at Gwinnett Medical ER 6 days ago; 147/110 upon discharge per patient  Assessment & Plan: Hypertension  Impression: Within normal limits today on Lisinopril-HCTZ suspect anxiety highly contributes to her BP elevations Encourage regular exercise of at least 30 minutes three times/week, weight 105.5, and low salt diet (1,500mg/day). Advice limited alcohol intake.  Patient is to monitor BP readings outside the office with arm cuff and call if> 140/90 consistently.  *Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not elaborated in detail*  Follow-up visit:  Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem Rear ended on 03/23/18, Neck pain with clicking, stiffness  HPI: Patient is a 62-year-old woman who is well known to me but	285-287, 638	MEDICAL BILLS
		Physical Exam Patient is 62·year·old female. General Appearance: Patient appears their stated age. Alert and oriented x 3. Affect is appropriate. Cervical exam: Inspection shows head held in a normal posture.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		There are no obvious skin changes, atrophy, or asymmetry. Palpation shows tenderness to palpation of the paraspinals, Range of motion shows normal motion inflexion, extension and decreased toward end ranges of rotation and bilateral side bending.		
		<b>Upper extremity exam</b> : Inspection shows no evidence of significant skin changes, atrophy, or asymmetry. Palpation shows no tenderness. Range of Mot on shows normal motion of the shoulders, elbows, and wrists. Stability: No evidence of ligamentous laxity/instability. No crepitus noted. Strength: Manual muscle testing shows 5/5 strength throughout the major muscle groups of the upper extremities.		
		Neurological Sensation is intact to light touch throughout the upper extremities. Deep tendon reflexes: 2 + biceps, 2·+ brachioradialis, and 2t- triceps bilaterally.  Provocative Maneuvers: Spurling's is negative bilaterally.  Cardiovascular: Distal pulses are palpable.  Lymph Node: No palpable lymphadenopathy		
		Assessment/ Plan Imaging: 4 views of the cervical spine ordered, performed and interpreted by me today shows normal vertebral body alignment with mildly diminished cervical lordosis. There is narrowing of the disc space al C5-6.		
		*Reviewers comment: The original X-ray report of cervical spine is unavailable for review*		
		Assessment: 1. Acute cervical sprain secondary to rear end motor vehicle collision on 3/23/18. Patient was doing well prior to the accident and not experiencing any of her current symptoms. 2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6		
		Recommendations:  1. X-ray and exam findings were discussed and her symptoms appear to be myofascial in nature, She has a massage therapist that she has worked within the past and she like to try this to see if this can ease her symptoms. She also attended rehabilitation services for the cervical spine previously so she understands how to perform the exercises independently.  2. I will provide her a referral for rehabilitation services in the event the treatment outlined above is not completely effective  3. Medrol Dosepak to be taken as directed  4. Recheck in 6 weeks. Sooner if needed		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
04/05/YYYY	FACILITY/ PROVIDER  Hospital/ Provider	Neck pain: Cervicalgia Cervical spine 4 views  Acute cervical sprain: Sprain of ligaments of cervical spine. Initial encounter Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion  Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2  Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12  Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as appropriate. HEP appropriate  Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction  • Medrol (Pak) 4 mg tablets in a dose pack – Take as directed on patient instruction card Qty: 1 dose-pack(s) of 21 Refills:  Return to office to see Krystal Chambers, MD at St. Joseph's on or around 05/10/YYYY  Related records: Pdf ref: 243-246, 332-334  Initial physical therapy visit:  Chief Complaint: Neck/Cervical Problem Evaluation  Physical Therapy Episodes: Episode: Neck pain S/P MVA/pain/dec ROM 4/5/18  HPI: Patient was in MVA 2 weeks ago, hit from behind with left side of her head hilting the headrest. Immediate pain and to the ER. She was seen here last year for cervical issues but had been doing very well and had stayed consistent with HEP, History of breast CA, 2000. General health is good. Pain is constant. Achy at 8/10. Pain is across upper back into cervical paraspinals, jaw and right SCM with no UE symptoms, Pain will decrease slightly with neat and ice.  Physical Exam	282-285, 638-639	MEDICAL BILLS

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	NOVA '-1 '- 1 C CO		BILLS
		MVA with cervical pain: 1 of 60 Cervical rotation x 10		
		Shrugs x 10		
		Retractions supine x 10		
		reductions supme A To		
		Procedure Documentation		
		Therapeutic Exercise: 20 minutes		
		The patient performed therapeutic exercise to develop strength.		
		ROM and flexibility. See exercise log for specific information.		
		Hot/Cold Pack: 10 minutes		
		Treatment of Cold Pack was applied during post –treatment for		
		the above noted minutes.		
		PT Eval Low Complex:		
		Physical Therapy Low Complex Evaluation performed.		
		Cervical Cold Pack:		
		Cervical Cold Pack was supplied to the patient for home use.		
		Oversize Cold Pack:		
		Oversize Cold Pack was supplied to the patient for home use.		
		Assessment:		
		Rehab Potential: Good		
		Patients presents with the following problems that require		
		skilled rehabilitation:  • Pain.		
		<ul><li>Pain.</li><li>Decreased ROM.</li></ul>		
		<ul><li>Decreased ROM.</li><li>Decreased Strength.</li></ul>		
		Decreased Strength.     Decreased ADL Function.		
		Decreased ADL I unction.		
		Plan: Patient is scheduling dry needling for next week.		
		<b>Treatment Frequency/Duration:</b> 2 visit(s)/week for 6 week(s).		
		Treatment Plan to include but not limited to:		
		Education & HEP		
		Therapeutic Exercise		
		Manual Therapy & Joint Mobilization		
		Modalities		
		Return to Office		
		Jonathan Koontz, PT for Rehab Dry Needling at Rehab     Proposition 04/10/YYYYY et 10/00 AM		
		Roswell on 04/10/YYYY at 10:00 AM  To see Vrystel Chembers MD at St. Jeseph's on or		
		To see Krystal Chambers. MD at St. Joseph's on or around 05/10/YYYY		

Hospital/ Provider	<ul> <li>Krystal Chambers, MD for Recheck at SL Joseph's on 05/10/YYYY at 01:15 PM</li> <li>Follow-up visit:</li> <li>History of present illness:</li> <li>Patient words: Patient is here for CPE.</li> <li>The patient is a 62 year old female who presents for a physical</li> </ul>	27-30	N/A
-	History of present illness: Patient words: Patient is here for CPE.	27-30	N/A
	exam. General health: feels well with no complaints (seen 3 weeks ago after MVA and BP was elevated in ambulance. BP since has been ok. Patient feeling fine since then. Saw Dr. Chambers with Resurgens for f/u neck-referred to PT and did dry needling and she is doing well.). The patient's appetite is normal. Nutrition: normal/adequate.  Additional reasons for visit:		
	Note for "Breast cancer": left lumpectomy with Dr Amerson 2000, chemo (Adriamycin and Cytoxin) and radiation with Dr bowen 3 years Tamoxifen, then changed to Femara Mammogram/ultrasound yearly June.  Assessment & Plan: Routine medical exam  Impression: CBC/comp normal with Dr bowen a few weeks ago chest x-ray with Gwinnett medical utd mammogram/pap/colonoscopy/dexa  *Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not elaborated in detail*		
Hospital/ Provider	History: Has had about 6-8 sessions of PT. she feels the traction and dry needling helps. The dry needling hurts at the time but does relax the area afterwards. She is unable to sleep at night and wonders if there are some suggestions for that. The MDP was picked up but she has not taken it due to an upcoming physical and her concern about false-positives.  HPI: Pain is mostly constant (7-8/10) in neck area that radiates into upper back with not radiating symptoms into the arms. She mentioned that she feels Knots in her neck at times. Dry needling helps, ice, rest and heat helps ease the discomfort. Turning her head and lying down makes it worse.  Reviewed Problems	276-279, 639	\$164.12
		Resurgens for f/u neck-referred to PT and did dry needling and she is doing well.). The patient's appetite is normal. Nutrition: normal/adequate.  Additional reasons for visit: Breast cancer is described as the following: Note for "Breast cancer": left lumpectomy with Dr Amerson 2000, chemo (Adriamycin and Cytoxin) and radiation with Dr bowen 3 years Tamoxifen, then changed to Femara Mammogram/ultrasound yearly June.  Assessment & Plan: Routine medical exam  Impression: CBC/comp normal with Dr bowen a few weeks ago chest x-ray with Gwinnett medical utd mammogram/pap/colonoscopy/dexa  *Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not elaborated in detail*  Follow-up visit:  Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem  History: Has had about 6-8 sessions of PT. she feels the traction and dry needling helps. The dry needling hurts at the time but does relax the area afterwards. She is unable to sleep at night and wonders if there are some suggestions for that. The MDP was picked up but she has not taken it due to an upcoming physical and her concern about false-positives.  HPI: Pain is mostly constant (7-8/10) in neck area that radiates into upper back with not radiating symptoms into the arms. She mentioned that she feels Knots in her neck at times. Dry needling helps, ice, rest and heat helps ease the discomfort. Turning her head and lying down makes it worse.	Resurgens for f/u neck-referred to PT and did dry needling and she is doing well.). The patient's appetite is normal. Nutrition: normal/adequate.  Additional reasons for visit: Breast cancer is described as the following: Note for "Breast cancer": left lumpectomy with Dr Amerson 2000, chemo (Adriamycin and Cytoxin) and radiation with Dr bowen 3 years Tamoxifen, then changed to Femara Mammogram/ultrasound yearly June.  Assessment & Plan: Routine medical exam  Impression: CBC/comp normal with Dr bowen a few weeks ago chest x-ray with Gwinnett medical utd mammogram/pap/colonoscopy/dexa  *Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not elaborated in detail*  Follow-up visit: Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem  History: Has had about 6-8 sessions of PT. she feels the traction and dry needling helps. The dry needling hurts at the time but does relax the area afterwards. She is unable to sleep at night and wonders if there are some suggestions for that. The MDP was picked up but she has not taken it due to an upcoming physical and her concern about false-positives.  HPI: Pain is mostly constant (7-8/10) in neck area that radiates into upper back with not radiating symptoms into the arms. She mentioned that she feels Knots in her neck at times. Dry needling helps, ice, rest and heat helps ease the discomfort. Turning her head and lying down makes it worse.  Reviewed Problems

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		<ul> <li>Displacement of cervical intervertebral disc – Onset: 05/31/YYYY</li> <li>Cervical disc disorder – Onset: 02/22/YYYY</li> <li>Neck pain – Onset: 04/05/YYYY</li> <li>Closed fracture of surgical neck of humerus · Onset: 06/05/YYYY</li> <li>Neck sprain · Onset: 02/22/YYYY</li> </ul>		
		HPI: Patient follows up today for pain in cervical spine extending in her trapezius muscles on both sides and up her neck. She is not having any pain numbness or tingling down the arms. The symptoms came about after being involved in a motor vehicle accident on 3/23/YYYY. She did not take the oral steroids because she had a pending physical. She had a couple sessions of rehabilitation services. Dry needling helped her periscapular and trapezius pain but did not help the upper cervical pain. The upper cervical muscular pain responded better to manual Traction/manipulation.		
		Physical Exam Patient is 62·year·old female. Exam shows a normal cervical posture. Range or motion is decreased with rotation bilaterally. There are no focal motor deficits with manual muscle testing in either upper extremity. The reflexes are trace to 1+ in both upper extremities and equal. There is diffuse myofascial tenderness in the cervical paraspinals and upper trapezius muscles on both sides		
		Assessment/ Plan Imaging: 4 views of the cervical spine ordered, performed and interpreted by me today shows normal vertebral body alignment with mildly diminished cervical lordosis There is narrowing of the disc space at C5-6.		
		Assessment:  1. Acute cervical sprain secondary to rear end motor vehicle collision on 3/23/18. Patient was doing well prior to the accident and not experiencing any of her current symptoms.  2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6		
		<b>Recommendations:</b> 1. Patient is continuing to have symptoms but has had limited rehabilitation visits. I like for her to continue working with a rehab therapist 1-2 times weekly over the next 6 weeks 2. She will go ahead with the Medrol Dosepak as previously recommended 3. We talked about modifications to her pillow arrangement 4. She will try melatonin for sleep 5. Recheck		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		in 4-6 weeks, Patient left today after all concerns and questions were addressed		
		Pain in cervical spine: Cervicalgia Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion		
		Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2		
		Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12		
		Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP		
		Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate		
		Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques and traction		
		Return to office to see Krystal Chambers, MD at St. Joseph's on or around 05/10/YYYY		
		Krystal chambers, MD for recheck at St. Joseph's on 06/28/YYYY at 01:15 pm		
		Related records: Pdf ref:241, 328-330		
06/11/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Bilateral digital diagnostic mammogram with CAD:	137	N/A
		Clinical History: Left lumpectomy in 2010.		
		Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/21/YYYY ultrasound,		
		6/21/YYYY mammogram, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 6/8/YYYY, mammogram, 5/8/YYYY mammogram, and		
		5/9/YYYY mammogram • Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C.		
		Both breasts are heterogeneously dense, which may obscure small masses.		
		Current study was evaluated with a Computer Aided Detection (CAD) system.		
		The patient is status post lumpectomy of the left breast at 9 o'clock.		
		No significant masses, calcifications, or other findings are seen in either breast.		
		Impression: Benign		
		There is no mammographic evidence of malignancy or recurrence.		
06/11/YYYY	Hospital/	A follow-up mammogram in 12 months is recommended.  Ultrasound of both breasts:	138	N/A
00/11/1111	110spitai/	Citabonia di botii bi casts.	130	11/11

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
07/20/22/2	Provider	Clinical history: Left lumpectomy in 2010. Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/21/YYYY ultrasound, 6121/YYYY mammogram, 6/17 /YYYY mammogram, 6/812015, mammogram, 5/8/YYYY mammogram, and 5/9/YYYY mammogram – Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C.  Ultrasound of both breasts was performed.  The patient is status post lumpectomy of the left breast at 9 o'clock.  Normal appearing fibro glandular elements and fatty lobulations are shown throughout. No solid or cystic mass, shadowing focus or echo texture alteration is identified.  Impression: Benign – follow-up recommended  There is no sonographic evidence of malignancy. A follow-up mammogram in 12 months is recommended.	274 276	
07/30/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem Neck aches comes and goes. Unable to start therapy, due to cost. Neck is better after using special pillow.  HPI: Patient follows up today for reevaluation of cervical spine pain which came about following a move vehicle accident. She was unable to start therapy due to cost. Her cervical symptoms are actually somewhat better and she attributes this to using a cervical pillow. Her pain is not gone but rather She experiences a constant lower level or cervical pain. She is not having numbness or tingling in the arms.  Physical Exam Patient is a 63-year-old female. Cervical posture is normal with full motion. Pain at the end ranges of rotation and sidebending, There are no obvious motor deficits in the upper extremities.  Assessment/ Plan: Imaging: 4 views of the cervical spine ordered. Performed and interpreted by me today shows normal vertebral body alignment with mildly diminished cervical lordosis, There is narrowing of the disc space at C5-6.  Assessment:  1. Acute cervical sprain secondary to rear end motor vehicle	274-276, 639	\$98.4808
		1. Acute cervical sprain secondary to rear end motor vehicle collision on 3/23/18. Patient was doing well prior to the accident		

FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
PROVIDER	and not experiencing any of her current symptoms. She has been unable to proceed with rehabilitation services due to cost. She reports having some difficulty getting the insurance company for the driver at fault to cover her expenses. She is in the process of getting a new attorney.  2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6  Recommendations:  1. New orders for rehabilitation services were provided  2. No medication prescriptions were needed today  3. Reevaluate 4-6 weeks after she starts rehab services  4. Patient expressed understanding and left today after all concerns were addressed  Neck pain: Cervicalgia  Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion  Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2  Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12  Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP  Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate  Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction		BILLS
TT '. 1/	Related records: Pdf ref:240, 324-326	270 202	¢5(1.10
Hospital/ Provider	Date of visits: 04/10/YYYY, 09/18/YYYY, 09/27/YYYY, 10/08/YYYY  04/10/YYYY: Patient arrives for dry needling of cervical spine. Consent form signed. Potent al risks reviewed, and all questions answered. Patient wishes to proceed with intervention.  Assessment Dry needling performed in standard fashion without complications. Patient educated on potential side effects as well as expectations. Patient to call with any questions or concerns. In general, The patient is progressing as expected with treatment and POC. Patient tolerance/response to treatment: well  Due to continued symptoms noted above the patient requires	279-282, 271-274, 268-271, 265-268, 639-640	\$561.10
	Hospital/	and not experiencing any of her current symptoms. She has been unable to proceed with rehabilitation services due to cost. She reports having some difficulty getting the insurance company for the driver at fault to cover her expenses. She is in the process of getting a new attorney.  2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6  Recommendations:  1. New orders for rehabilitation services were provided  2. No medication prescriptions were needed today  3. Reevaluate 4-6 weeks after she starts rehab services  4. Patient expressed understanding and left today after all concerns were addressed  Neck pain: Cervicalgia Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion  Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2  Number of Wecks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12  Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate  Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction  Related records: Pdf ref:240, 324-326  Summary of interim physical therapy visits:  Date of visits: 04/10/YYYY, 09/18/YYYY, 09/27/YYYY, 10/08/YYYY  04/10/YYYY: Patient arrives for dry needling of cervical spine. Consent form signed. Potent al risks reviewed, and all questions answered. Patient wishes to proceed with intervention.  Assessment  Dry needling performed in standard fashion without complications. Patient educated on potential side effects as well as expectations. Patient to call with any questions or concerns. In general, The patient is progressing as expected with treatment and POC. Patient tolerance/response to treatment: well	and not experiencing any of her current symptoms. She has been unable to proceed with rehabilitation services due to cost. She reports having some difficulty getting the insurance company for the driver at fault to cover her expenses. She is in the process of getting a new autorney.  2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6  Recommendations:  1. New orders for rehabilitation services were provided  2. No medication prescriptions were needed today  3. Reevaluate 4-6 weeks after she starts rehab services  4. Patient expressed understanding and left today after all concerns were addressed  Neck pain: Cervicalgia Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion  Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2  Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12  Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP  Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate  Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction  Related records: Pdf ref:240, 324-326  Summary of interim physical therapy visits:  Date of visits: 04/10/YYYY, 09/18/YYYY, 09/27/YYYY, 10/08/YYYY  Date of visits: 04/10/YYYY, 09/18/YYYY, 09/27/YYYY, 10/08/YY

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Plan Next visit will focus on repeated movements and exorcises/dry needling as indicated to benefit the patient's functional limitations noted today.		
		<b>09/18/YYYY:</b> Patient has returned. She has not recovered from her MVA yet. She gets massages and they help but she continues with bilateral neck pain up to occiputs and upper chest pain. No N+ T, no UE symptoms. Pain is worse at end of work day.		
		<b>09/27/YYYY:</b> Patient continues to complain of bilateral cervical spine tightness, trigger points. Patient has elevated anxiety about cervical ROM.		
		10/08/YYYY: Patient states neck not a whole lot better. She lost her HEP and has been doing what she remembers		
		Physical Exam: Patient is a 63-year old female.		
		<b>AROM:</b> Minimum and painful loss of L rot and extension. Her side bends are both a mod loss with obvious tight bands of upper traps popping up and rebound pain on way back up.		
		Assessment: Patient's pain appears to be coming from tight upper traps. She has no relief or increase in ROM with mechanical ex. Her upper traps really fatigued with the elevation ex and she could barely do 2 sets with 1# hand weights. Patient performed treatment session today requiring an expected amount of physical and/or verbal Input from the clinician. Patient is progressing with rehab well based on current performance and progress. Patient will benefit from continued skilled therapeutic intervention to maximize functional improvement. Patient continues to demonstrate inability to complete or perform daily activity or ADL's without pan.		
		<b>Plan:</b> Goals remain appropriate and patient is on target for achievement by DC. Clinician expects to increase the HEP and progress the treatment at the next visit.		
		* Reviewer's Comments: Only the initial and final visits have been elaborated. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to avoid repetition and for ease of reference.*		
10/18/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Final physical therapy visit:  HPI: Patient states last Friday she did her HEP and was in so much pain she was miserable all the next day at a wedding. The pain was shooting up both sides of her neck. She has not done any	263-265, 641	\$111.85

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
11/12/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	of the exercises since as she's not sure which one caused it.  Procedure Documentation Mechanical Traction: The patient received intermittent cervical mechanical traction for 10 minutes at 15 pounds for 20 seconds on, 10 seconds off in supine position. Therapeutic Exercise: 20 minutes The patient performed therapeutic exercise to develop strength, ROM and flexibility. See exercise log for specific information.  Assessment/ Plan Assessment: Due to patient complaining of severe pain after HEP therapist advised against upper trap stretches for now. She had no pain with treatment session today. Patient performed treatment session today requiring an expected amount of physical and/or verbal input from the clinician. Patient is progressing with rehab well based on current performance and progress. Patient will benefit from continued skilled therapeutic intervention to maximize Functional improvement. Patient continues to demonstrate inability to complete or perform daily activity of ADL's without pain.  Plan: Goals remain appropriate and patient is on target for achievement by DC. Clinician expects to increase the HEP and progress c-spine ROM exercise al the next visit.  Return to Office: Lynn Marchisen, PT for Rehab Follow Up at Rehab Roswell on 10/25/YYYY at 11:30 AM  Follow-up Visit:  Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem 10 Sessions therapy, no relief, pain is constant with dull stabbing, radiates to head with migraine.  HPI: Patient follows up today for reevaluation of cervical spine pain. Her symptoms are due to a motor vehicle accident which occurred in March 2018. She has had 10 sessions of rehabilitation services since her last office visit. She has experienced no relief. She feels that her pain has gotten worse. It is constant in the neck and upper shoulders and extends into the head and she complains of headaches. She is poorly tolerant of medications and only taken occasional Tylenol. Her occasional paresthesias in her left arm and hand.  Review of systems: Positive for anxiety and fatigue	260-263, 641	\$164.12
		Physical Exam Patient is a 63-year-old female.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Cervical exam: Inspection: Head is held in normal posture. There are no obvious skin changes. Atrophy or asymmetry. Palpation: No tenderness to palpation of the paraspinals. Range of motion: Decreased toward end ranges of rotation and sidebending Directional preference: None		
		Upper extremity exam: Inspection: No evidence of significant skin changes, atrophy or asymmetry. Palpation: No tenderness to palpation. Range of motion: Normal motion of the shoulders. Elbows, and wrists. Strength: Manual muscle testing shows 515 strength throughout the major muscle groups of the upper extremities. Neurological: Sensation is intact to light touch throughout the upper extremities. Deep tendon reflexes: 2+ biceps, 2+ brachioradialis and 2+ triceps bilaterally. Provocative maneuvers: Spurling's is negative bilaterally. Cardiovascular: Distal pulses are Palpable		
		Assessment/ Plan: Imaging: 4 views of the cervical spine ordered. Performed and interpreted by me today shows normal vertebral body alignment with mildly diminished cervical lordosis, There is narrowing of the disc space at C5-6.		
		Assessment:  1. Acute cervical sprain secondary to rear end motor vehicle collision on 3/23/18. Patient was doing well prior to the accident and not experiencing any of her current symptoms. She has participated in rehabilitation services but her symptoms are worse than before starting.  2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6		
		Recommendations: 1. Proceed with MRI of the cervical spine. She will require oral Valium for the study due to anxiety/claustrophobia 2. Tizanidine 2 mg 1 p.o., nightly as needed for muscular spasm. #20 3. Follow-up when MRI results are available for review.		
		Neck pain: Cervicalgia Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion		
		Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2		

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		Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12		
		Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP		
		Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate		
		Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction		
		Related records: Pdf ref:239, 321-323		
12/06/YYYY	Hospital/	MRI of cervical spine without contrast:	310-311,	\$1225.00
	Provider	Clinical history: Neck pain, acute cervical sprain secondary to MVC occurred on march 23, 2018	641	
		Comparison: 05/23/YYYY		
		<b>Findings</b> : Visualized portions of the posterior fossa structures appear intact. Preserved cervical vertebral body heights with grade 1 retrolisthesis of C5 on C6 with mild intervening spondylotic changes and minor endplate marrow signal. Normal size contour and signal intensity in the cervical cord. No muscle signal abnormality is identified		
		At C2-3 there is no disc bulge or herniation with patent neural foramina bilaterally		
		At C3-4 there is mild central disc bulge without change. Patient neural foramina bilaterally		
		At C4-5 there is no disc bulge or herniation with patent neural foramina bilaterally		
		Stable grade 1 retrolisthesis of C5-6 with mild spondylotic changes and mild to moderate broad based posterior osteophytic disc complex, offset to the left causing effacement of the anterior thecal sac without cord indentation. There is moderate asymmetric left uncinate hypertrophy and foraminal stenosis without change. Patient right neural foramen.		
		At C6-7, there is no bulge or herniation with patent neural foramina bilaterally		
		At C7-T1, there is no disc bulge or herniation with patent neural foramina bilaterally		
		<ul><li>Impression:</li><li>Stable grade 1 retrolisthesis of C5-6 with mild spondylotic</li></ul>		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		<ul> <li>changes and mild to moderate broad based posterior osteophytic disc complex, offset to the left without cord indentation. Stable moderate asymmetric left uncinate hypertrophy and foraminal stenosis.</li> <li>Stable C3-4 mild central; disc bulge with patent neural foramina bilaterally</li> </ul>		
12/17/YYYY	Hospital/	Related records: Pdf ref:238  Follow-up Visit:	258-260,	\$164.12
12/1// 1 1 1 1	Hospital/ Provider	Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem Cervical spine, MRI review.	642	\$104.12
		HPI: Patient is a 63-year old woman following up today to review the results of an MRI of the cervical spine. She continues to have neck pain and some symptoms extending into the left shoulder. She has participated in rehabilitation services which has included use of traction which she has found helpful. Patient is employed working regular duty. She is a non-smoker. There is no history of previous cervical spine surgery.		
		Review of systems: Positive for anxiety and fatigue		
		Assessment/ Plan: Imaging: MRI of the cervical spine 12/6/YYYY was reviewed and discussed. There is a slight retrolisthesis of C5 on C6 with disc osteophyte complex offset to the left. C3-4 shows mild disc bulge without foraminal stenosis The reading radiologist was able to compare this MRI to an MRI from 5/23/YYYY and there have been no significant interval changes.		
		Assessment:  125. Cervical pain with a myofascial component.  There's underlying spondylosis at C5-6 and at C3-4 which may contribute to her overall symptoms. Her symptoms came about following an MVA on 3/23/18		
		Recommendations:  1. MRI results were discussed and she does not appear to have experienced significant changes to the MRI scan since the March 23, 2018 MVA. We discussed options such as spinal injection procedures and she does not wish to pursue injections at this time 2. Recommended that she add a soft tissue work/massage to address her myofascial pain. She has a home traction unit which she finds helpful so she will continue to use this. Some of the exercises exacerbated her pain and we discussed which ones to eliminate		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	2 210 , 22 221	3. Patient expressed understanding of the above and she left today after all concerns were addressed.		
		Cervical radiculopathy: radiculopathy, cervical region Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion		
		Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2		
		Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12		
		Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP		
		Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate		
		Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction		
		Displacement of cervical intervertebral disc without myelopathy: Other cervical disc displacement, unspecified cervical region  Cervical disc disease – care instructions		
		Cervical disc disease – care histractions		
04/23/YYYY	Hospital/	Related records: Pdf ref:237, 318-320  Follow-up visit:	22-26	N/A
04/23/1111	Provider	History of present illness: Patient words: Patient is here for the physical. The patient is a 63 year old female who presents for a physical exam. General health: feels well with minor complaints (patient with sinus symptoms in last week. Facial pressure, postnasal drip. No coughing. No fevers/chills). The patient's appetite is normal. Nutrition: normal/adequate. Exercises 0 days per week	22 20	
		Assessment & Plan: Routine medical exam		
		Impression: EBCT score zero 04/YYYY Seeing Dr. bowen breast specialist utd mammogram/pap/colonoscopy/dexa scheduled		
		Sinusitis: Given duration will treat with Augmentin		
		*Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not elaborated in detail*		
05/13/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:	255-257, 642	\$164.12
		Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem Constant neck pain radiates to both shoulders and right elbow, she		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		was unable to have therapy due to increase pain, she want to discuss Celebrex and another referral for therapy		
		HPI: 63-year old woman following up today due to chronic cervical pain. She notes constant pain in the neck which radiates into both shoulders, right hand and elbow. She was unable to start rehabilitation services as discussed at her last office visit because she was experiencing increased pain. She like to discuss taking Celebrex and she would like a new order for therapy. She works full-time and she travels significantly with her job, She feels that this does adversely affects her symptoms, Pain level is rated 7-9/10 with a sharp and aching quality. She improves with rest, heat or ice. Sitting makes her pain worse.		
		Review of systems: Positive for arm pain and fatigue		
		Physical Exam Patient is a 63-year-old female. Cervical exam: Inspection: Head is held in normal posture. There are no obvious skin changes. Atrophy or asymmetry. Palpation: there is tenderness to palpation of the paraspinals and trapezius muscles bilaterally Range of motion: Limitation toward end range of rotation and sidebending bilaterally Directional preference: None		
		<ul><li>Upper extremity exam:</li><li>Inspection: No evidence of significant skin changes, atrophy or asymmetry.</li><li>Palpation: No tenderness to palpation.</li></ul>		
		Range of motion: Normal motion of the shoulders. Elbows, and wrists.  Strength: Manual muscle testing shows 515 strength throughout the major muscle groups of the upper extremities.  Neurological: Sensation is intact to light touch throughout the upper extremities. Deep tendon reflexes: 2+ biceps, 2+ brachioradialis and 2+ triceps bilaterally.  Provocative maneuvers: Spurling's is negative bilaterally.  Cardiovascular: Distal pulses are Palpable  Lymphadenopathy: No palpable lymphadenopathy		
		Assessment/ Plan: Imaging: MRI of the cervical spine 12/6/YYYY was reviewed and discussed. There is a slight retrolisthesis of C5 on C6 with disc osteophyte complex offset to the left. C3-4 shows mild disc bulge without foraminal stenosis The reading radiologist was able to compare this MRI to an MRI		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		from 5/23/YYYY and there have been no significant interval changes.		
		Assessment:  125. Cervical pain with a myofascial component.  There's underlying spondylosis at C5-6 and at C3-4 which may contribute to her overall symptoms. Her symptoms came about following an MVA on 3/23/18		
		<ul> <li>Recommendations:</li> <li>New orders for rehabilitation services are provided</li> <li>Celebrex 200mg 1 P.O daily #30, GI precautions discussed</li> <li>Recheck in 6 to 8 weeks, sooner if needed</li> <li>All patient questions reviewed and answered</li> </ul>		
		Pain in cervical spine: Cervicalgia Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion		
		Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2		
		Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12		
		Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate		
		Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction		
		Celecoxib 200mg capsule- Take 1 capsule every day by oral route. Qty: 30, Refills: 1		
		Related records: Pdf ref:236, 314-317		
05/16/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	20-21	N/A
		History of present illness: Patient words: Patient is here for an f/u visit. She has poison ivy on her bilateral hands. She stated that used hydrocortisone on them. The patient is a 63 year old female who presents with a rash. Note for "Rash": patient woke up this morning and noticed red blisters on hands palms and in lines on some of fingers. Patient put hydrocortisone cream on her hands that really helped. +itchy. Patient was gardening yesterday pulling weeds some. Doesn't think she touched poison ivy although she knows it's in her back yard. No fevers/chills. No joint pains.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Assessment & Plan: Rash		
		Impression: Contact dermatitis on hands-suspect poison ivy from gardening. Treat with Medrol pack. Call if not resolved.		
		*Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not elaborated in detail*		
06/03/YYYY	Hospital/	Telephone Conversation:	19	N/A
00/03/1111	Provider	Telephone Conversation.		IV/A
	riovidei	Assessment: Sinus infection		
		<b>Plans:</b> Started Augmentin 875-125mg, 1 tablet BID, #20, 10 days starting 06/03/YYYY, no refill		
07/19/YYYY	Hospital/	Bilateral digital diagnostic mammogram with CAD:	125-126	N/A
	Provider	Clinical History: Left lumpectomy in 2010.		
		Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/11/YYYY mammogram, 6/21/YYYY mammogram, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 6/8/YYYY, mammogram, 5/8/YYYY mammogram, and 06/11/YYYY ultrasound – Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C.		
		Both breasts are heterogeneously dense, which may obscure small masses.		
		Current study was evaluated with a Computer Aided Detection (CAD) system.		
		The patient is status post lumpectomy of the left breast in the medial aspect. The left breast has post-operative findings. There are few being appearing calcifications  No significant masses, calcifications, or other findings are seen in either breast.		
		<b>Impression:</b> There is no mammographic evidence of malignancy or recurrence. A follow-up mammogram in 12 months is recommended.		
05/18/YYYY	Hospital/	Pharmacy bills:	2-3	\$1.06
	Provider	Medications		
		*Reviewers comment: The record of the following date are unavailable for review*		
02/12/YYYY	Hospital/	Pharmacy bills:	6-7	\$21.87
	Provider	Medications		
		*Reviewers comment: The record of the following date are		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		unavailable for review*		
03/13/YYYY - 09/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Pharmacy bills:  Medications  *Reviewers comment: Upon review, we have found that there are	8-14	\$7957.03
		pharmacy bills available for many dates under CVS pharmacy. However, only few of the visits are available for review.		

## Other records:

Others, Law firm, Affidavit, Orders, Consents: Pdf ref: 350-355, 1, 15-18, 108-124, 130-136, 185, 218-227, 247-250, 299, 309, 311-314, 331, 357-359, 454-455, 461, 549-551, 555, 469-470, 473-475, 485-486, 494-497, 513-514, 577, 581-582, 585, 588-591, 595, 601-603, 612, 617-618, 462

Medical bills: Pdf ref: 2-14, 620-634, 636-642

Echocardiogram: Pdf ref: 127, 139, 174-175, 177, 215

Referral report: Pdf ref: 227-235, 390, 400, 548, 448-451

Patient information: Pdf ref: 242

Patient education: Pdf ref: 300-302, 488, 518, 523, 528, 530, 540, 558-559

Blank Pages: Pdf ref: 327, 635

Labs: Pdf ref: 367-368, 370-371, 373, 128-129, 213, 193-196, 161-165

**Medications: Pdf ref**: 360-366, 564

Flow sheet: Pdf ref: 593, 587, 584, 580, 576

**Poor quality: Pdf ref:** 463-467, 487, 515-516, 524, 563, 579

\*Reviewer's Comments: All the significant details are included in the chronology. These records have been reviewed and do not contain any significant information. Hence not elaborated.\*